CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA

December 31, 2017

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA

Saint Marys, Pennsylvania

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 31, 2017

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GECI AND ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Certified Public Accountant and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council
City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements referred to above do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the City's primary government unless the City also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The City has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, net position, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units is not reasonably determinable.

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania as of December 31, 2017, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension, other postemployment benefit information and budgetary comparison information on pages 6-20, 73-76, 77-78, and 79-83 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Teri and associates, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Saint Marys' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Saint Marys, Pennsylvania

June 21, 2018

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of St. Marys, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the calendar year ended December 31, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City's Primary Government Accounts exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of calendar year 2017 by \$25.9 million. Of this amount, \$22 million is from governmental activities and from this \$2.7 million is considered to be unrestricted and can be used to meet the obligations of the City for the next year.
- The unrestricted net position of the business-type activities is \$1.8 million and may be used to meet the ongoing obligations of the business-type activities.
- The City's net position of the governmental activities increased by \$740,423 or 3.5% and the net position of the business-type activities increased by \$292,352 or 8%.
- Total revenue of the governmental activities *increased* by \$575,329 compared to last year's revenue; and total expenditures of the governmental activities *increased* by \$91,261 or one percent compared to last year.
- In the City's business-type activities, total revenue decreased by \$165,354 or 5% and expenses *decreased* by \$115,830 or four percent.
- Net investment in capital assets (net capital assets net of related debt) was \$16,472,831 at December 31, 2017, an increase of \$814,199.
- The City's real property tax rate stayed the same at 18.5362 mills. The earned income tax rate remained at 0.5%.

- The police pension plan net position held in trust to pay pension benefits increased \$783,254 or 9.7% and the non-uniformed pension plan net position increased \$445,424 or 10% in 2017.
- As of December 31, 2017, the governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$6,963,152 an increase of \$257,924 from the prior year. Of the ending fund balance, \$110,311 is non-spendable, \$1,656,437 is restricted for various projects, \$894,695 is committed based on tax levies, \$2,939,914 is committed for capital projects, \$320,586 is assigned for other post-employment benefits and compensated absences; and \$1,031,529 is unassigned and available for any purpose and to fund any fund balance that is negative.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$2,428,992. The fund balance decreased \$544,694 or 18% from the prior year. City Council transferred unbudgeted funds of \$1.25M of unrestricted fund balance to the Capital Projects (Reserve) Fund.
- Of the \$1.8 million additional proceeds from the refunding of the 2011 bond series, the City has \$1,564,541 for capital public works projects.
- The City guarantees 5 million dollars in debt for various Authorities of the City.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. The Statement of Activities also reports the government's expenses and revenues during the year.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, community and economic development, culture and

recreation and intergovernmental functions. The intergovernmental functions of the City are those activities whereby the City provides financial resources to other governmental entities, primarily the St. Marys Public Library, the St. Marys Ambulance Association, and the St. Marys Airport Authority.

The business-type activities of the City include the sewage treatment system along with the sewer lines.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21 and 22 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The governmental funds statements tell how general government services such as public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in the fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and government activities.

The City maintains 15 individual governmental funds:

- General Fund, Airport Industrial Park Project Fund, Parking Garage Fund, Debt Fund, Capital Reserve Fund and the 2016 Capital Projects Fund are considered major funds, and information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for these funds.
- The 9 other governmental funds are considered nonmajor governmental funds and they are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the basic financial statements. Individual fund data for each of these funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The nine nonmajor governmental funds are the Street Lighting Tax Fund, Fire Protection Fund, Recreation Fund, Library Fund, Ambulance Fund, Fire Hydrant Fund, Liquid Fuels Tax Fund, Shade Tree Fund and the Community Development Block Grant Fund. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-26 of this report.

In this report on pages 79-80 the City shows the budgetary comparison schedule for all major funds that receive tax allocations. These schedules will show the annual operating budget for the General Fund and the Debt Fund. Comparison of budget to actual results is provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Proprietary funds. Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary (enterprise) funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewage treatment system and for the sewer lines.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements provide information as follows:

• The Sewage Treatment Fund, the Sewer Fund, and the I & I Fund are considered major proprietary funds of the City, and information is presented separately in the proprietary funds statement of net position, the proprietary funds statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and the proprietary funds statement of cash flows for these major proprietary funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-29 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employee's pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets, because of a trust arrangement, which can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

The Police Pension Fund, the Non-Uniformed Employee's Pension Plan Fund (The Municipal Employee's Retirement plan or M.E.R. plan), the Payroll Fund, the Fire Loss Escrow Fund, and the St. Marys Airport Industrial Park – Loan Fund are the fiduciary funds for the City of St. Marys and can be found on pages 30-31 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32-72 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information. Combining nonmajor funds statements referred to earlier can be found beginning on page 84 of this report.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Overall, the City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$25,910,722 at the close of the most recent calendar year.

Sixty Four percent of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and improvements other than buildings, infrastructure, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position (19 percent) represents resources that are subject to restrictions as to how they may be used, such restrictions being imposed by legal requirements other than those imposed by the City Council. (e.g. state or federal law).

TABLE 1
CITY OF
SAINT MARYS
NET POSITION

		Govern	men	tal	Busines	s-Typ	oe	Total Primary						
		Acti	vitie	S	Acti	vitie	5		Government					
ASSETS		2017		2016	2017		2016		2017		2016			
Current Assets		9,059,806		8,238,467	1,977,668		1,996,967		11,037,474		10,235,434			
Other Assets		423,208		403,055	(2)		-		423,208		403,055			
Capital Assets, net		20,290,535		20,168,459	2,124,545		1,950,456		22,415,080		22,118,915			
Total Assets	\$	29,773,549	\$	28,809,981	\$ 4,102,213	\$	3,947,423	\$	33,875,762	\$	32,757,404			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS														
OF RESOURCES	\$	699,398		633,617	-		~	\$	699,398		633,617			
LIABILITIES														
Long-Term Liabilities		5,531,744		6,202,607	16,255		13,707		5,547,999		6,216,314			
Other Liabilities		2,118,083		1,967,441	189,209		329,319		2,307,292		2,296,760			
Total Liabilities	\$	7,649,827	\$	8,170,048	\$ 205,464	\$	343,026	\$	7,855,291	\$	8,513,074			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	809,147		_	-	2, 1900		\$	809,147		-			
NET POSITION Invested in Capital Asse	ets,								(*)					
net of debt		14,348,286		13,708,176	2,124,545		1,950,456		16,472,831		15,658,632			
Restricted		4,957,368		4,134,597	1-		-		4,957,368		4,134,597			
Unrestricted *		2,708,319		3,430,777	1,772,204		1,653,941		4,480,523		5,084,718			
Total Net Position	\$	22,013,973	\$	21,273,550	\$ 3,896,749	\$	3,604,397	\$	25,910,722	\$	24,877,947			

Table 1 shows Total Primary Government net position increased by \$1,032,775 this year. Governmental Activities had an increase of \$740,423 while the Business-Type Activities has an increase of \$292,352. The increase in current assets in the government activities is \$821,339; cash and cash investments increased \$263,000 and net pension asset had an increase of \$573,000. *Capital assets, net,* for primary government, had increases from last year of \$122,076 (capital assets of \$1,429,567 less depreciation of \$1,307,491) while *net position invested in capital assets, net of debt* had an increase of \$640,110 for the City combined. The increase of depreciation (1,307,491) counterbalances the decrease in debt payments of \$518,034.

Governmental Activities unrestricted net position decreased from last year by \$722,458 or 79% while the Business-Type Activities unrestricted net position increased from last year by \$118,263 or 7%. In 2016 the unrestricted net position of the business-type activities had an increase of \$174,317. The unrestricted net position is available to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements.

TABLE 2 CITY OF SAINT MARYS CHANGES IN NET POSITION

				M. 101	Business Type Activities Primary Government							Total %
		Government	ai Ac	2016	2017 2016 2017			2016	% Change			
Revenues		2017		2016		2017		2016	2017		2010	Change
Revenues: Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services	\$	600,114	ć	496,481	ċ	2,883,908	ċ	3,046,385 \$	3,484,022	ć	3,542,866	-1.66%
Operating Grants and Contributions	Ą	112,203	Ş	95,972	Ş	2,003,300	Ş	3,040,363 \$	112,203	Ą	95,972	16.91%
Capital Grants and Contributions		ENG THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O		AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY.				<u>-</u>	628,980			364.71%
General Revenues:		628,980		135,349					020,900		155,549	304.71%
									-			
Taxes:		C 025 722		C 072 70C					C 025 722		C 072 70C	0.700/
Total Taxes		6,025,723		6,073,796				-70	6,025,723		6,073,796	-0.79%
Grants and Contributions		072.704		000 543					072 704		000 543	0.400/
not restricted to specific programs		872,794		868,543		-			872,794		868,543	0.49%
Sale of Fixed Assets		52,399		107,670				-	52,399		107,670	-51.33%
Investment Earnings		85,315		49,140		7,608		3,483	92,923		52,623	76.58%
Miscellaneous		294,858		270,106		10,849		17,851	305,707		287,957	6.16%
Total Revenue	\$	8,672,386	\$	8,097,057	\$	2,902,365	\$	3,067,719 \$	11,574,751	\$	11,164,776	3.67%
	X								-			
Expenses:									-			
General Government		1,344,323	\$	1,357,537					1,344,323	\$	1,357,537	-0.97%
Public Safety		2,532,369		2,436,202					2,532,369		2,436,202	3.95%
Public Works		3,260,192		3,274,025					3,260,192		3,274,025	-0.42%
Human Services		4,960		7,925					4,960		7,925	-37.41%
Community & Economic Development		62,325		64,737					62,325		64,737	-3.73%
Culture and Recreation		583,026		528,371					583,026		528,371	10.34%
Interest on long term debt		144,768		171,905					144,768		171,905	-15.79%
Sewage Treatment/Sewer Lines						2,610,013		2,725,843	2,610,013		2,725,843	-4.25%
Total Expenditures	\$	7,931,963	\$	7,840,702	\$	2,610,013	\$	2,725,843 \$	10,541,976	\$	10,566,545	-0.23%
M 70	_						-		-			
Increase in Net Position:	\$	740,423	\$	256,355	\$	292,352	\$	341,876 \$	1,032,775	\$	598,231	72.64%
Net Position - January 1	\$	21,273,550	\$	21,017,195	\$	3,604,397	\$	3,262,521 \$	24,877,947	\$	24,279,716	2.46%
Net Position - adjustment to net position	\$	-	\$	(4)						\$	-	
Net Position - December 31	\$	22,013,973	ς.	21,273,550	\$	3.896.749	¢	3,604,397 \$	25,910,722	ċ	24,877,947	4.15%

Governmental Activities

Table 2 shows revenue and expenditures for both governmental and business-type activities for years 2017 and 2016. Governmental activities revenue for 2017 had an increase from last year of 575,329 or by 7%. Total expenditures for governmental activities increased by 91,261 or by 1%.

Some of the program expense changes that occurred this year compared to last year:

- Building permits increased from \$49,000 in 2016 to \$130,00 for 2017. Some of the businesses with major projects for 2017 were SGL, St. Marys School District, St. Marys Lumber, St. Marys Chevy and St. Marys Carbon.
- The City received federal funding through the Community Development Block Grant of \$498,946 for the reconstruction of Mertz Avenue.
- The City received a \$39,000 pass through grant from the Stackpole Hall Foundation for the St. Marys Little League.
- Public Safety cost increased \$96,000 in 2017 and \$79,000 of this is an increase in depreciation cost on equipment.
- GASB Statement No. 68 recognizes certain costs and changes related to defined benefit
 pension plans in a different manner than is required by the Commonwealth of
 Pennsylvania (State), which causes a difference in pension expense for governmental
 activities. The primary cause of the difference is due to the recognition of pension
 expense components immediately or at a reduced deferral rate, which differs from the
 State's allowances.

The cumulative effect on the statement of activities was a decrease to pension expense of \$169,925. This is the difference between the annual required pension contribution per State regulations and the expense calculated for GASB Statement No. 68. The pension expense calculation for GASB Statement No. 68 has no effect on the contributions required by the State and will have no impact on the City's budget for 2018 and future years. The calculation is only for government-wide financial statement purposes.

The following chart shows the decrease in pension expense for 2017 according to GASB Statement No. 68.

GASB 68 Pension Expense
for Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Pension Expense for GASB 68	2017	2016	Ir	nc/(Dec)
Governmental Activities:			-	uminalisas yani samu
General Government	\$ 7,605	\$ 10,847	\$	(3,242)
Public Works	33,760	55,309		(21,549)
Community & Economic Dev.	1,401	2,209		(808)
Public Safety:				
Police	121,561	153,201		(31,640)
Other	5,598	9,007		(3,409)
Total Increase/(Decrease) for				
GASB 68 Pension Expense	\$ 169,925	\$ 230,573	\$	(60,648)
Pension Expense per				
Commonwealth of PA	\$ 156,946	\$ 159,436	\$	(2,490)
Total Pension Expense for				
GASB 68	\$ 326,871	\$ 390,009	_\$_	(63,138)

The cost of governmental activities for this year is \$7,931,963 compared to \$7,840,702 from last year an increase of \$91,261. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 22, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through City taxes was \$6,590,666 because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$600,114) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$741,183).

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's governmental programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	TOTAL OF SER	POLINE CITATION	NET C OF SER				
	2017	2016	2017		2016		
General Government Public Safety Public Works Community & Economic Development Culture and Recreation All Others	\$ 1,344,323 2,532,369 3,260,192 62,325 583,026 149,728	\$ 1,357,537 2,436,202 3,274,025 64,737 528,371 179,830	\$ 1,153,364 2,409,436 2,926,747 (436,621) 388,012 149,728	\$	1,163,114 2,310,872 3,043,850 31,306 383,928 179,830		
Totals	\$ 7,931,963	\$ 7,840,702	\$ 6,590,666	\$	7,112,900		

Business-type Activities

The City business-type activities consist of the operation of the sewage treatment plant and sewer lines. Revenues of the city's business-type activities (see Table 2) decreased 5 percent or \$165,354 and expenses decreased 4% or \$115,830 from last year. Operating revenue for 2017 is \$2,902,365 and operating expenses are \$2,610,013 leaving a positive balance of \$292,352 for year end. The *increase in net position* decreased in 2017 compared to 2016 by \$49,524. Consumption revenue decreased in 2017 by \$135,410 compared to 2016. Consumption usage went from 329,294 thousand gallons in 2016 to 300,102 thousand gallons in 2017.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 23) reported a combined fund balance of \$6,963,152, which is higher than last year's total of \$6,705,228 or an increase of \$257,924. The General Funds' *fund balance* decreased \$544,694 in 2017. During the October 16th Council meeting, city council voted to transfer \$1,255,926 of the unrestricted fund balance to the Capital Reserve fund for capital projects. Revenue exceeded budget projections by \$35,630 due to increases in tax collections; increase in building permits; and interest earned on investments. Project expenditures came in under budget projections by \$675,602 due to substantial savings in general government, public safety and public works. The total unassigned fund balance of \$2,014,260 can be used toward expenditures, reserves for future increase in expenditures, and major projects for next year.

The Airport Industrial Park Project Fund had a negative fund balance at the end of 2017 of \$660,009, a decrease of \$22 from last year. This deficit will not be reduced until some or all of the remaining lots are sold at the industrial park. Total owed to the Commonwealth Financing Authority as of December 2017 is \$660,858.

The Parking Garage Fund's *fund balance* has a negative balance of \$322,722 as of December 31, 2017. This is a decrease of \$20,083 from last year. The final drawdown for the project was completed on June 1, 2017 and the Redevelopment Assistance Capital Program conducted a performance audit on November 3, 2017. The City received notification on February 13, 2018 that the audit disclosed no material instances of non-compliance or reportable conditions, which would result in the material misstatement of the audited application for payment. There were no findings or observations to report. The deficit of \$322,722 in fund balance as of the end of 2017 is the result of unfunded cost from the project – overestimated grant funding. The City is covering this unfunded cost with parking meter revenue of \$20,000 a year.

The Debt Fund had a fund balance of \$361,369 as of December 31, 2017. This is a decrease in fund balance of \$235,369 from 2016. The City refinanced the 2011 bonds with a savings of \$219,509 and this amount was transferred to the general fund. This fund balance is considered committed as it is solely used to receive and pay for outstanding debt of the City. This fund shows total annual debt service of the City by principal and interest. The City does commit 1.908 mills of real estate tax revenue to the fund to cover the debt of the 2016 bond issue.

The Capital Reserve Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$1,033,622. The total fund balance of \$2,940,159 is considered a committed fund balance. The Capital Reserve fund is reserved for future capital projects and equipment. In 2017 there was \$952,875 budgeted for capital expenditures, and actual expenses of \$731,815 in capital outlays. In 2017, a transfer of \$1,704,442 from the general fund for future capital projects was deposited to the Capital Reserve Fund.

Proceeds and the six-year extension of the maturity date from the refinancing of the 2011 bond issue created the 2016 Capital Projects Fund. The proceeds of \$1.8M was deposited into this fund and allocated to capital projects related to street reconstruction. As of December 31, 2017, this fund had a fund balance of \$1,564,541. Projects in 2017 consisted of a street sweeper; a portion

of the cost related to the bridge and the park projects, and the multimodal study totaling \$258.274.

The Community Development Block Grant Fund is a fund used to administer grant funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. These funds are federal funds. Funds included are the Community Development Block Grant – State's Program and the HOME Investment Partnerships Program. The HOME'S program helps qualifying residents with moderate rehabilitation on their homes and the CDBG program is used for qualifying city-wide projects in St. Marys. There was no HOME's activity for 2017. Total cost reimbursed by the CDBG program for 2017 was \$498,946 to reconstruct Mertz Avenue and administrative fees. There was a fund balance of \$9,680 as of the end of 2017 in the CDBG fund. This \$9,680 is considered miscellaneous income.

The Street Lighting Tax fund had a fund balance of \$174,380 an increase of \$8,595 as of December 31, 2017. This fund pays for all lighting that is above the streets and in the parking lots and parking garage. The fund balance of \$174,380 is considered a committed fund balance; City Council through an ordinance set the millage (.8 of a mill) designated to the Street Lighting Fund.

The Fire Protection Fund had a fund balance of \$204,920 an increase of \$111,854 for this year. This fund balance is also a committed fund balance, with Council setting the millage (1.4 mills) of real estate tax revenue with an ordinance. The Fire Protection Fund covers expenditures for truck purchases, truck maintenance and building expenses.

The Recreation Fund had a fund balance of \$139,336 at the end of 2017 with an increase of \$6,433. This fund balance is also considered committed as Council sets the millage (.9 of a mill) of real estate revenue for this fund. This money is used to maintain and administer the parks and pool located in town.

The Library and Ambulance Funds are funds used to collect tax revenue and then transfer to their designated agency. The Library Fund receives .58 of a mill annually or \$125,793 and conveys this to the St. Marys Public Library for their services and the Ambulance Fund receives .10 of a mill annually or \$21,688 and this is turned over to the St. Marys Ambulance Service. The fund balance of \$2,138 for the Library Fund and \$408 for the Ambulance Fund is considered a committed fund balance.

The Fire Hydrant Fund receives .3 of a mill annually or \$65,000. This pays for fire hydrant service in the St. Marys area which is provided by the St. Marys Area Water Authority. The fund balance had a decrease for 2017 of \$966 with an ending balance of \$18,874. This fund balance is also considered a committed fund balance; City Council sets the millage through an ordinance during budget meetings at the end of the previous year.

The Liquid Fuels Tax Fund had a fund balance of \$91,895 as of the end of 2017. This money is received from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Transportation. The City receives this funding every year and it pays for snow removal, street repairs, traffic signal cost and maintenance; and storm sewers and drainage. The funding also pays for the street improvement loans through the Pennsylvania Infrastructure Bank. The City transfers these funds

to the general fund because the expenses are paid through the general fund. The fund balance is considered restricted; the Commonwealth dictates how the money will be spent.

The Shade Tree Fund had a fund balance of \$9,190 as of December 31, 2017 with an increase of \$3,014 for 2017. This fund is used to plant, trim, and prune trees in St. Marys and received \$7,500 from the General fund for this year. The fund balance is considered to be a committed fund balance. City Council decides each year during budget time how much they will contribute for the following year

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

For this year the final budget remained the same as the original budget for the general fund. City Council made no changes to the budget. The actual revenue received was \$164,983 more than the budgeted amount, and the actual expenditures were \$654,652 less than what was budgeted. Total revenue for the general fund is \$5,980,598 and total expenditures are \$5,188,539, with other financing sources or (uses), net of (1,336,753), leaving a decrease in fund balance of \$544,694. The general fund had \$612,061 of interfund transfers "in" and \$1,950,249 of interfund transfers "out". Sale of capital assets totaled \$1,435.

The City transferred \$1,704,442 to the Capital Reserve Fund for the capital improvement plan for capital projects for 2017 and beyond. \$448,516 was budgeted as a transfer to the Capital Reserve fund for 2017, the difference is a portion of the unrestricted unassigned fund balance as of the end of 2016.

The receipt of earned income tax was at 102.47% of budget or \$36,978 more than budget for 2017 and building permit fees were at 260% of budget or \$79,946 over budget. Investment income was at 250% of budget with an overage of \$18,000.

The City spent \$343,000 less than what was budgeted for public works - streets. Administrative costs were \$36,000 less than budgeted, fuel for vehicles were \$22,000 less; snow and ice removal \$44,000 less; traffic signals & signs \$27,000 less; berm/sidewalks \$26,000 less; storm sewers and drains \$67,000 less; and cost for repairs to streets and bridges were \$53,000 less than budgeted. Parking facilities were under budget by \$22,500.

Cost in public safety-police was \$118,700 less than what was budgeted. \$59,600 of this was in wages and employee benefits; \$6,000 in clothing and uniforms; \$20,000 in education; and \$12,000 in fuel for vehicles and \$7,000 in vehicle repairs.

The City received \$7,700 more in pension aid than the 2017 M.M.O. requirement.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of 2017, the City had \$22,415,080 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, and street department equipment and sewer lines. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$296,165 or 1 percent, over last year. This information can be found on Table four.

TABLE 4 CITY OF SAINT MARYS CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (NET OF DEPRECIATION)

	Govern	men /ities			Busine Activ	10.5			Primary Government Total				
	2017		2016		2017	2016		2017		2016			
Land	\$ 439,426	\$	389,926	\$	11,692	\$	11,692	\$	451,118	\$	401,618		
Construction in progress	163,113		58,698		-		2		163,113		58,698		
Building & Improvements	11,029,713		11,340,320		122,616		118,892		11,152,329		11,459,212		
Equipment	1,977,667		1,890,290		759,898		765,723		2,737,565		2,656,013		
Improvements	354,240		384,860		-				354,240		384,860		
Infrastructure	6,326,376		6,104,365		1,230,339		1,054,149	1,054,149			7,158,514		
Totals	\$ 20,290,535 \$ 20,168,459			\$	2,124,545	2,124,545 \$ 1,950,456			22,415,080	22,118,915			

This year's major additions include:

General administration capital cost totaling \$104,220. This included an upgrade to a city server \$51,915 – new payroll software of \$10,321; office equipment of \$20,459 and a 2017 Chevy – city staff car at \$21,525.

City Hall had building improvements totaling \$21,234. This was for a new conference room on the 3^{rd} floor.

The police department spent \$81,725 on capital equipment which included a 2017 Ford Utility vehicle with installation of equipment at \$39,748; police car cameras at \$39,730 and office equipment at \$2,247.

The public safety building had HVAC improvements of \$19,051.

Public works – streets: had capital cost of \$1,226,512. Equipment cost totaled \$303,349; paving projects - \$302,897; parking lot base repairs; \$139,370; and the reconstruction of Mertz Avenue was \$475,396. Building improvements cost were \$5,500.

The Recreation Board spent \$57,338 on capital cost for 2017. There was a donation of land near Kaulmont park valued at \$44,100; cameras for security at the parks for \$4,398; a new roof at the Memorial Park building at \$3,440 and improvements to the lot at Benzinger Park for \$5,400.

The Sewage Treatment plant spent \$313,638 on capital cost. Equipment cost was \$106,982; the Malibu sewer replacement cost was \$197,411 and building improvements of \$9,245.

DEBT

At year-end, the City of St. Marys had \$5.9 million in governmental activities notes and bonds outstanding versus \$6.5 million last year – a decrease of 9% as shown in Table 5 listed below.

TABLE 5
CITY OF SAINT MARYS
OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR-END

		Govern					ss-Ty				Total F		1000
		2017	vitic	2016	2017	100	VICIC	2016					
General Obligation Notes	\$	1,177,249	\$	1,385,283	\$	-	\$		n=1	\$	1,177,249	\$	1,385,283
Revenue Bonds	-	4,765,000		5,075,000		-			-		4,765,000		5,075,000
Totals	\$	5,942,249	\$	6,460,283	\$	-	\$		-	\$	5,942,249	\$	6,460,283

A summary of long-term debt as of December 31, 2017:

- Fire Trucks; \$47,467
- Street Improvements; \$1,129,782
- Bond Issue \$4,765,000

A summary of long-term debt that the City guarantees as of December 31, 2017:

- 2007 Airport Industrial Park; \$660,858 (Airport Authority)
- 2015 Guaranteed Sewer Revenue Bonds; \$1,670,000 (Municipal Authority)
- Pennyest Loan; \$1,879,214 (Municipal Authority)
- 2012 Benzinger Twp. Golf Note Modify.; \$710,804 (Benzinger Twp. Golf Authority)
- 2012 Benzinger Twp. Golf Note; \$72,693 (Benzinger Twp. Golf Authority)
- 2013 Benzinger Twp. Golf Note; \$50,518 (Benzinger Twp. Golf Authority)

The City's Standard & Poor's Underlying rating is: "AA"/ Stable Outlook and insured rating is: "A+". The City's borrowing base for 2017 is \$7,748,504 - (250% of this for Net non-electoral debt limitation (\$19,371,260) and 350% of this for net non-electoral debt plus lease rental debt. (\$27,119,764)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2018 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. One of the factors is the economy. The City's annual unemployment rate for 2017 was 4.2%; 2016 was 5.5%; for 2015 was 4.9%; and in 2014 was 5.1%. This compares with the State's unemployment rate of 4.6% for 2017; 5.3% for 2016; 5.2% in 2015; 5.4% in 2014.

The 2018 budget did not have an increase in tax millage for real estate taxes. Total millage levied stayed the same at 18.5362 mills. Total mills for the general fund remained the same at 12.5482 mills. Total real estate tax revenue budgeted at 95% collection rate is \$3,872,282 and assessed value of property is estimated at \$219,898,757. The general fund will receive \$2,621,367 of this total. 2018's budget is 2% less than last years with a total of \$6,428,154.

City council approved ordinance #307 "providing for the levy and assessment of taxes for the City of St. Marys for fiscal year 2018 on December 18, 2017. This ordinance redirected tax millage from the street lighting tax fund to the recreation fund. Five tens of a mill worth approximately \$62,700 was committed to the recreation fund to provide for a part time park manager. This manager will oversee the operations of all parks and the pool. LED lights were replaced with the current lighting system in the street lights in the St. Marys area. The savings of this replacement is estimated at \$50,000 to \$60,000 annually.

\$2018 general fund's budget included the hiring of a new fulltime police officer with a total cost of \$91,000. Health insurance cost increased 11% and worker's compensation insurance was budgeted with a 17% increase.

Capital projects for the 2018 budget is \$886,000. This includes purchases of equipment; upgrades to buildings and grounds and street and road improvements.

The 2016 Capital projects fund has available \$1,564,541 for projects in 2018 and 2019.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City of St. Marys accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Finance Director's office at City of St. Marys, 11 Lafayette Street, St. Marys PA 15857.

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2017

	Go	overnmental Activities	Building and some	ry Government Isiness-Type Activities	Constitution	Total
ASSETS	-) .	
Cash and Cash Investments	\$	7,266,012	\$	1,645,743	\$	8,911,755
Taxes Receivable, Net	7	66,913	Y	1,045,745	7	66,913
Accounts Receivable, Net		46,922		297,058		343,980
Due From Other Governments		344,180		257,038		344,180
Allowance for Uncollectible Due from Governments		(66,550)				(66,550)
				18,344		624,288
Interfund Receivables		605,944		16,523		1000 CO. 100
Prepaid Expenses		110,311		16,523		126,834
Net Pension Asset		686,074				686,074
Capital Assets:		452 442				460 440
Construction In Progress		163,113		4 200 222		163,113
Infrastructure		11,276,807		1,308,323		12,585,130
Land		439,426		11,692		451,118
Buildings & Building Improvements		13,986,484		150,080		14,136,564
Equipment		7,202,511		2,003,752		9,206,263
Improvements		1,288,670				1,288,670
Accumulated Depreciation		(14,066,476)		(1,349,302)		(15,415,778)
Other Assets: Long-Term Note Receivable (net)	19-	423,208				423,208
Total Assets		29,773,549		4,102,213		33,875,762
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflows of Resources for pensions		699,398				699,398
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		699,398		=		699,398
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable and Payroll Taxes		90,735		50,417		141,152
Other Accrued Liabilities		58,803		10,932		69,735
Due To Other Governments		,		60,875		60,875
Interfund Payables		1,222,521		62,625		1,285,146
Unearned Revenue		34,785		4,360		39,145
Unavailable Revenue		3,736		1,500		3,736
Compensated Absences - long -term portion		105,962		16,255		122,217
Other Post-Employment Benefits		191,036		10,233		191,036
Notes Payable - current portion		211,467				211,467
Notes Payable - long - term portion		965,782				965,782
,						
Bonds Payable - current portion		305,000				305,000 4,460,000
Bonds Payable - long -term portion	-	4,460,000	-	205.464	8-11-1-19-1	
Total Liabilities		7,649,827	-	205,464		7,855,291
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources		809,147				809,147
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	***************************************	809,147	-	-	0.	809,147
NET DOSITION			-			
NET POSITION		14,348,286	\$	2 124 545	\$	16,472,831
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	14,348,286	Ş	2,124,545	Þ	10,472,831
Restricted For:		4.504.700				4 504 700
Capital Projects		4,504,700				4,504,700
Airport Industrial Park Project		(660,009)				(660,009)
Parking Garage		(322,722)				(322,722)
Community Development Projects		423,208				423,208
Debt Services		361,369				361,369
Other Purposes		650,822				650,822
Unrestricted	A-1-1-1-1-1	2,708,319		1,772,204		4,480,523
Total Net Position	\$	22,013,973	\$	3,896,749	\$	25,910,722

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net (Expense)	Revenue and
Changes in I	Net Assets

										CII	ange	is in Net Asse	:15	
				P	rogran	n Revenues				Pr	imar	y Governme	nt	
					0	perating		Capital						
			C	harges for	Gr	ants and	Gr	ants and	G	overnmental	1	Business-		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Con	tributions	Activities		Type Activities			Total
Primary Government:	-								-			*		
Governmental Activities:														
General Government	\$	1,344,323	\$	140,220			\$	50,739	\$	(1,153,364)			\$	(1,153,364)
Public Safety		2,532,369		86,194	\$	27,023		9,716		(2,409,436)				(2,409,436)
Public Works		3,260,192		302,866		92.0		30,579		(2,926,747)				(2,926,747)
Human Services		4,960		1000000 P. 10000 P.				250010500000000000000000000000000000000		(4,960)				(4,960)
Community and Economic Development		62,325						498,946		436,621				436,621
Culture and Recreation		583,026		70,834		85,180		39,000		(388,012)				(388,012)
Interest On Long-Term Debt		144,768		(85)				8.53		(144,768)				(144,768)
Total Governmental Activities	Ś	7,931,963	\$	600,114	\$	112,203	\$	628,980	\$	(6,590,666)			\$	(6,590,666)
Business-Type Activities:	-				-		-			(-,,		17		(-)/
Sewer	\$	2,610,013	\$	2,883,908							\$	273,895	\$	273,895
Total Business-Type Activities	-	2,610,013	-	2,883,908				-			-	273,895		273,895
Total Primary Government	\$	10,541,976	\$	3,484,022	\$	112,203	\$	628,980	\$	(6,590,666)	\$	273,895	\$	(6,316,771)
Stage of General (Art Control of the Stage of the Control of the					_					(-//	_			(-,,
			Conc	eral Revenues:										
			Tax										_	
				Real Estate					\$	4,019,011			\$	4,019,011
			Ł	Per Capita						39,700				39,700
			F	Real Estate Tra	nsfer					92,909				92,909
			E	arned Income						1,536,978				1,536,978
			L	ocal Service Ta	ax					337,125				337,125
			(Other										
			Int	ergovernment	al Reve	nues				872,794				872,794
				erest						85,315	\$	7,608		92,923
				in on Sale of C	anital	Δεερτε				52,399	•	,,000		52,399
				scellaneous	apitar	HJJC 13				294,858		10,849		305,707
						and Transfe			\$		\$	18,457	\$	7,349,546
			10	tal General Re	venues	and Transle	15		<u> </u>	7,331,089	-	18,457	- >	7,349,546
			Char	nges in Net Po	sition				\$	740,423	\$	292,352	\$	1,032,775
			Cui						Υ.		~		~	_,002,0
			Net	Position - Beg	inning					21,273,550		3,604,397		24,877,947
										2012207-20130-20130				2.000 September 2000-200-200-200-200-200-200-200-200-20
			Net	Position - End	ling				\$	22,013,973	\$	3,896,749	\$	25,910,722

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2017

ASSETS Fund Park Fund Fund Fund Project Fund Funds Punds		General		Airport ndustrial	Parking Garage	Debt	Capital Reserve		2016 Capital	Gov	Other vernmental	Go	Total vernmental
Taxes Receivable, Net	<u>ASSETS</u>	Fund	Р	ark Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	P	oject Fund		Funds		Funds
Cocounts Receivable 35,371	Cash and Cash Investments	\$ 2,135,237	\$	849	\$ 84,663	\$ 303,121	\$ 2,484,200	\$	1,571,333	\$	686,609	\$	7,266,012
Number N	Taxes Receivable, Net	45,564				6,829					14,520		
Allowance for Uncollectible Due From Other Governments Interfund Receivables 199,248	Accounts Receivable	35,371					1,995		9,556				46,922
From Other Governments	Due from other Governments	24,997			150,000	78,969	89,739				475		344,180
Prepaid Items	Allowance for Uncollectible Due												
Prepaid Items						(27,550)							
Cital Assets S 2,534,563 S 849 S 234,663 S 361,369 S 2,943,875 S 1,580,889 S 717,524 S 8,373,732													
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Payroll Taxes \$ 39,661 \$ 16,348 \$ 34,726 \$ 90,735 Accrued Liabilities 57,489 \$ 57,489 1,314 58,803 Interfund Payables \$ 660,858 \$ 557,385 \$ 3,716 562 1,222,521 Unearned Revenue 4,685 \$ 557,385 \$ 3,716 562 1,222,521 Unavailable Revenue 3,736 \$ 660,858 \$ 557,385 \$ - \$ 3,716 \$ 16,348 \$ 66,702 \$ 1,410,580 Fund Balances: Nonspendable: \$ 94,146 \$ 245 \$ 15,920 \$ 1,0311 Restricted: \$ 361,369 \$ 2,939,914 \$ 13,326 3,834,609 Committed: \$ 30,586 \$ 361,369 2,939,914 513,326 3,834,609 Assigned: 320,586 \$ (660,009) \$ (322,722) \$ 2,940,159 \$ 1,564,541 \$ 650,822 \$ 6,631,152 Total Fund Balances: \$ 2,428,992 \$ (660,009) \$ (322,722) \$ 361,369 2,940,159 \$ 15,64,541 \$ 650,822	Prepaid Items	 94,146			 		 245	_			15,920		110,311
Capabilities:	Total Assets	\$ 2,534,563	\$	849	\$ 234,663	\$ 361,369	\$ 2,943,875	\$	1,580,889	\$	717,524	\$	8,373,732
Capabilities:													
Accounts Payable and Payroll Taxes 39,661 Say,665 39,736 34,726 90,735 Accrued Liabilities 57,489 5660,858 557,385 3,716 562 1,222,521 Unearned Revenue 4,685 557,385 3,716 30,100 34,785 Unavailable Revenue 3,736 560,858 557,385 3,716 16,348 66,702 1,410,580 Total Liabilities 105,571 660,858 557,385 3,716 16,348 66,702 1,410,580 Fund Balances: 8 105,571 660,858 557,385 2,48 3,716 16,348 66,702 1,410,580 Nonspendable: 94,146 2 2,248 1,564,541 91,896 1,656,437 Restricted: 3,256 3,256 3,334,609 3,334,609 3,334,609 3,334,609 3,334,609 3,34,609 3,34,609 3,34,609 3,34,609 3,34,609 3,34,609 3,34,609 3,34,609 3,34,609 3,34,609 3,34,609 3,34,609 3,34,609	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Accrued Liabilities 57,489	Liabilities:												
Interfund Payables	Accounts Payable and Payroll Taxes	\$ 39,661						\$	16,348	\$	34,726	\$	90,735
Unearned Revenue 4,685 30,100 34,785 Unavailable Revenue 3,736 \$ 105,571 \$ 660,858 \$ 557,385 \$ - \$ 3,716 \$ 16,348 \$ 66,702 \$ 1,410,580 Fund Balances: Nonspendable: \$ 94,146 \$ 245 \$ 15,920 \$ 110,311 Restricted: \$ 1,564,541 91,896 1,656,437 Committed: \$ 361,369 2,939,914 533,326 3,834,609 Assigned: 320,586 \$ (660,009) \$ (322,722) \$ 2,939,914 \$ 650,822 \$ 6,963,152 Total Fund Balances \$ 2,428,992 \$ (660,009) \$ (322,722) \$ 361,369 \$ 2,940,159 \$ 1,564,541 \$ 650,822 \$ 6,963,152	Accrued Liabilities	57,489									1,314		58,803
Unavailable Revenue 3,736 3,736 3,736 3,736 3,716 16,348 66,702 1,410,580 Fund Balances: Nonspendable: \$ 94,146 \$ 245 \$ 15,920 \$ 110,311 Restricted: \$ 361,369 2,939,914 533,326 3,834,609 Assigned: 320,586 \$ 320,782 9,680 330,266 Unassigned: 2,014,260 (660,009) (322,722) \$ 361,369 2,940,159 1,564,541 9,680 330,266 Total Fund Balances \$ 2,428,992 (660,009) (322,722) \$ 361,369 2,940,159 1,564,541 \$ 650,822 6,963,152	Interfund Payables		\$	660,858	\$ 557,385		\$ 3,716				562		1,222,521
Fund Balances: Solution of the properties of	Unearned Revenue	4,685									30,100		34,785
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: \$ 94,146	Unavailable Revenue	3,736											3,736
Nonspendable: \$ 94,146 \$ 245 \$ 15,920 \$ 110,311 Restricted: \$ 1,564,541 91,896 1,656,437 Committed: \$ 361,369 2,939,914 533,326 3,834,609 Assigned: 320,586 (660,009) (322,722) 5 2,940,159 7 1,564,541 5 650,822 6,963,152 Total Fund Balances \$ 2,428,992 (660,009) (322,722) 361,369 2,940,159 1,564,541 5 650,822 6,963,152	Total Liabilities	\$ 105,571	\$	660,858	\$ 557,385	\$ -	\$ 3,716	\$	16,348	\$	66,702	\$	1,410,580
Nonspendable: \$ 94,146 \$ 245 \$ 15,920 \$ 110,311 Restricted: \$ 1,564,541 91,896 1,656,437 Committed: \$ 361,369 2,939,914 533,326 3,834,609 Assigned: 320,586 (660,009) (322,722) 5 2,940,159 7 1,564,541 5 650,822 6,963,152 Total Fund Balances \$ 2,428,992 (660,009) (322,722) 361,369 2,940,159 1,564,541 5 650,822 6,963,152													
Restricted: \$ 1,564,541 91,896 1,656,437 Committed: \$ 361,369 2,939,914 533,326 3,834,609 Assigned: 320,586 9,680 330,266 Unassigned: 2,014,260 (660,009) (322,722) 560,009 1,564,541 5650,822 650,822 6,963,152 Total Fund Balances 2,428,992 (660,009) (322,722) 361,369 2,940,159 1,564,541 5650,822 6,963,152	Fund Balances:												
Committed: \$ 361,369 2,939,914 533,326 3,834,609 Assigned: 320,586 9,680 330,266 Unassigned: 2,014,260 (660,009) (322,722) 560,009 1,564,541 650,822 669,031,52 Total Fund Balances 2,428,992 (660,009) 322,722 361,369 2,940,159 1,564,541 650,822 6,963,152	Nonspendable:	\$ 94,146					\$ 245			\$	15,920	\$	110,311
Assigned: 320,586 Unassigned: 2,014,260 \$ (660,009) \$ (322,722) \$ 361,369 \$ 2,940,159 \$ 1,564,541 \$ 650,822 \$ 6,963,152 Total Fund Balances	Restricted:							\$	1,564,541		91,896		1,656,437
Unassigned: 2,014,260 \$ (660,009) \$ (322,722) 361,369 \$ 2,940,159 \$ 1,564,541 \$ 650,822 \$ 6,963,152 Total Fund Balances \$ 2,428,992 \$ (660,009) \$ (322,722) \$ 361,369 \$ 2,940,159 \$ 1,564,541 \$ 650,822 \$ 6,963,152	Committed:					\$ 361,369	2,939,914				533,326		3,834,609
Total Fund Balances \$ 2,428,992 \$ (660,009) \$ (322,722) \$ 361,369 \$ 2,940,159 \$ 1,564,541 \$ 650,822 \$ 6,963,152	Assigned:	320,586									9,680		330,266
	Unassigned:	2,014,260	\$	(660,009)	\$ (322,722)	Last or the contract							1,031,529
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$ 2,534,563 \$ 849 \$ 234,663 \$ 361,369 \$ 2,943,875 \$ 1,580,889 \$ 717,524 \$ 8,373,732	Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,428,992	\$	(660,009)	\$ (322,722)	\$ 361,369	\$ 2,940,159	\$	1,564,541	\$	650,822	\$	6,963,152
	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,534,563	\$	849	\$ 234,663	\$ 361,369	\$ 2,943,875	\$	1,580,889	\$	717,524	\$	8,373,732

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2017

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 6,963,152
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 34,357,011 (14,066,476)	20,290,535
Other long term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.		
Long-Term note receivable Present Value Adjustment of Long-Term note receivable	\$ 970,000 (546,792)	423,208
The net pension asset is not reflected on the fund statements.		686,074
Deferred outflows of resources for pension are recorded and amortized in the statement of net position. Additionally, deferred inflows of resources for pensions are not recorded on the fund financial statements.		(109,749)
Long-Term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-Term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Other Post-Employment benefits Compensated absences Notes payable Bonds payable	\$ (191,036) (105,962) (1,177,249) (4,765,000)	 (6,239,247)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 22,013,973

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

Revenues:	General Fund	- 1	Airport ndustrial Park Fund		Parking Garage Fund		Debt Fund		Capital Reserve Fund	_Pr	2016 Capital oject Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Taxes	\$ 4,728,192					\$	413,811					\$	883,720	\$	6,025,723
Intergovernmental	460,209						110,011	\$	50,739				981,275		1,492,223
Charges for Services	347,782							Υ.	30,733				70,834		418,616
Licenses and Permits	31,955												. 5,55		31,955
Fines and Forfeitures	82,372														82,372
Interest and Rentals	97,386	\$	1	\$	83		3,344		10,256	\$	16,619		4,644		132,333
Miscellaneous	232,702	7	_	•			0,0		10,200	1	10,010		139,808		372,510
Total Revenues	\$ 5,980,598	\$	1	\$	83	\$	417,155	\$	60,995	\$	16,619	\$	2,080,281	\$	8,555,732
Expenditures:															
Currént:															
General Government	\$ 1,154,735													\$	1,154,735
Public Safety	1,867,641											\$	271,775		2,139,416
Public Works	1,941,644												165,988		2,107,632
Human Services	4,960														4,960
Community and Economic Development	37,395												23,550		60,945
Culture and Recreation													524,139		524,139
Debt Service:															
Principal						\$	518,034								518,034
Interest							144,768								144,768
Capital Outlays	54,306							\$	731,815		258,274		475,396		1,519,791
Other	127,858						854						111		128,823
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,188,539	\$		\$	-	\$	663,656	\$	731,815	\$	258,274	\$	1,460,959	\$	8,303,243
Excess (Deficiency) of															
Revenues over Expenditures	\$ 792,059	\$	1	\$	83	\$	(246,501)	\$	(670,820)	\$	(241,655)	\$	619,322	_\$_	252,489
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						10									
Capital Assets Sales	\$ 1,435											\$	4,000	\$	5,435
Transfers In	612,061	\$	21	\$	20,000	\$	230,662	\$	1,704,442				7,500		2,574,686
Transfers Out	(1,950,249)						(219,530)						(404,907)		(2,574,686)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (1,336,753)	\$	21	\$	20,000	\$	11,132	\$	1,704,442	\$	32	\$	(393,407)	\$	5,435
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues															
and Other Sources Over															
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ (544,694)	\$	22	\$	20,083	\$	(235,369)	\$	1,033,622	\$	(241,655)	\$	225,915	\$	257,924
Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 2,973,686	\$	(660,031)	\$	(342,805)	\$	596,738	\$	1,906,537	\$	1,806,196	\$	424,907	\$	6,705,228
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,428,992	\$	(660,009)	\$	(322,722)	\$	361,369	\$	2,940,159	\$	1,564,541	\$	650,822	\$	6,963,152

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See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES December 31, 2017

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 257,924
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Expenditures for capital assets Less: current year depreciation \$ 1,621,893 (1,488,781)	133,112
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (e.g., sales and trade-ins) is to increase (decrease) net position. Disposal of assets (\$11,036)	(11,036)
Governmental funds do not report income earned but not received in the current period. In the statement of activities, income is accrued when earned. Annual Amortization of Long Term Note Receivable \$ 20,153	20,153
Certain expenses are included in the change in net assets, but do not require the use of current funds, and are not included in the change in fund balance: Compensated Absences \$ (1,594) Other Post-Employment Benefits (6,245)	(7,839)
The issuance of long term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Principal Payments \$ 518,034	518,034
Changes in the net pension asset and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources do not affect current financial resources and, therefore, are not reflected on the fund statements. \$ (169,925)	 (169,925)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 740,423

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	Sewage							Bearing Committee Annual Control of the Control of		
ASSETS	-	Treatment		Sewer	8	1&1		Total		
Current Assets:	۲.	1 157 560	ć	100.647	ċ	200 520	۲.	1.645.743		
Cash and Cash Investments Accounts Receivable, Net	\$	1,157,568 297,058	\$	188,647	\$	299,528	\$	1,645,743 297,058		
Interfund Receivables		297,038				18,344		18,344		
Prepaid Items		16,523				10,544		16,523		
Total Current Assets	\$	1,471,149	\$	188,647	\$	317,872	\$	1,977,668		
Noncurrent Assets:										
Capital Assets:										
Construction in Progress										
Infrastructure	\$	1,308,323					\$	1,308,323		
Land		11,692						11,692		
Buildings and Building Improvements		150,080						150,080		
Equipment		2,003,752						2,003,752		
Accumulated Depreciation		(1,349,302)						(1,349,302)		
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	2,124,545				(4)	\$	2,124,545		
Total Assets	\$	3,595,694	\$	188,647	\$	317,872	\$	4,102,213		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Payroll Taxes Accrued Liabilities Due To Other Governments Interfund Payables Unearned Revenue Total Current Liabilities	\$	47,657 10,932 60,875 62,625	\$	2,760 4,360 7,120			\$	50,417 10,932 60,875 62,625 4,360 189,209		
Total Current Llabilities	7	102,005		7,120	-			103,203		
Non-Current Liabilities:							22			
Compensated Absences - Long Term Portion	\$	16,255		MARGINET CONTRACTOR CO			\$	16,255		
Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$	16,255		<u> </u>		-	\$	16,255		
Total Liabilities	\$	198,344	\$	7,120	\$		\$	205,464		
Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	\$	2,124,545 1,272,805	\$	181,527	\$	317,872	\$	2,124,545 1,772,204		
Total Net Position	\$	3,397,350	\$	181,527	\$	317,872	\$	3,896,749		
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>~</u>	0,000,10		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	3,595,694	\$	188,647	\$	317,872	\$	4,102,213		

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

			Busine	ss-Type Activiti	es - Ent	erprise runus		
		Sewage						
	Treatment			Sewer		1&1		Total
Operating Revenues								
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$	2,875,083	\$	8,825			\$	2,883,908
Miscellaneous	Ş		Ą	2,760			Ş	10,027
	\$	7,267 2,882,350	\$	11,585			\$	2,893,935
Total Operating Revenues	-	2,882,330	_ >	11,565		<u>-</u>	->	2,693,933
Operating Expenses:								
Public Works	\$	2,607,253	\$	2,760	-		\$	2,610,013
Operating Income	\$	275,097	\$	8,825		=	\$	283,922
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenditures): Interest Income Refunds from Prior Year Expenditures Refunds from Prior Year Revenue Uncollectible Receivables Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenditures)	\$	4,647 1,900 (3,097) 2,019 5,469	\$	1,065	\$	1,896 - - - - - 1,896	\$	7,608 1,900 (3,097) 2,019 8,430
Income Before Transfers	\$	280,566	\$	9,890	\$	1,896	\$	292,352
Transfers In		197,411	•	42,485		230,083		469,979
Transfers Out		(272,568)		,		(197,411)		(469,979)
Transfer out		(2,2,555)	-		-	(,	Y	(122/227)
Changes In Net Position	\$	205,409	\$	52,375	\$	34,568	\$	292,352
Total Net Position - Beginning	\$	3,191,941	\$	129,152	\$	283,304	\$	3,604,397
Total Net Position- Ending	\$	3,397,350	\$	181,527	\$	317,872	\$	3,896,749

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Sewage 1&1 Total Treatment Sewer Cash Flows from Operating Activities: \$ 11,585 \$ 2,960,484 **Receipts from Customers** \$ 2,948,899 (2,250,909) Payments to Suppliers (2,250,909)(363,080) (363,080) Payments to Employees \$ 11,585 346,495 Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 334.910 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: \$ \$ 230,083 469,979 197,411 \$ 42,485 Transfers In (197,411)(469,979)(272,568)Transfers Out (2,046)(2,046)Increase (Decrease) in Interfund Payables (8) (Increase) Decrease in Interfund Receivables (8) 4,360 4,360 Increase (Decrease) in Revenue Collected in Advance \$ \$ (77,203) \$ 32,664 2,306 Net Cash Provided by (Used In) NonCapital Financing Activities \$ 46,845 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: \$ (313,638) Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets \$ (313,638)Proceeds from Capital Contributions \$ (313,638)\$ (313,638)Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities & Refunds of Prior Year Expenditures (Revenue): \$ 1,065 \$ 1.896 Ś 7.608 \$ 4.647 Interest 1,900 1,900 Refunds of Prior Year Expenditures (3,097)Refunds of Prior Year Revenues (3,097)1,896 \$ 3,450 1,065 \$ \$ 6,411 Net Cash Provided From Investing Activities & Refunds of Prior Year Expenditures (Revenue) \$ 59,495 \$ 34,560 \$ 41,574 (52,481)\$ Net Increase in Cash and Cash Investments Cash and Cash Equivalents: \$ 1,210,049 129,152 \$ 264,968 1,604,169 Beginning \$ 1,157,568 \$ 188,647 \$ 299,528 \$ 1,645,743 Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income \$ 275,097 \$ 8,825 \$ 283,922 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: 139,549 139,549 Depreciation 2,019 Uncollectable Receivables 2.019 (Increase) decrease in: 66,549 66,549 Accounts Receivable Advances to Other Funds (5,668)Prepaid Items (5,668)Increase (decrease) in: (145,003)2,760 (142, 243)Accounts Payable (181)(181)**Accrued Liabilities** Compensated Absences 2,548 2,548 11,585 346,495 Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 334,910

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2017

Cash and Cash Investments \$ 30,674 \$ 19,300 \$ 1,232 Due From Airport Industrial Park Fund 660,858 Investments, at Fair Value:	,	Poli	ce Pension Plan	Er	-Uniformed mployees nsion Plan	Agency Funds		
Due From Airport Industrial Park Fund	<u>ASSETS</u>							
U.S. Government Obligations U.S. Government Related Obligations U.S. Government Related Obligations Standard St	Due From Airport Industrial Park Fund	\$	30,674	\$	19,300	\$		
U.S. Government Related Obligations 830,619 433,107 Other Government Bonds 13,015 9,017 Corporate Bonds 1,095,229 572,333 Common Stocks 4,879,926 2,613,432 International Mutual Funds 1,184,221 635,173 Total Investments \$ 8,884,417 \$ 4,702,273 \$ - LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Escrow Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 Total Liabilities \$ - \$ 662,090 Restricted for Pensions 8 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573 \$ 662,090	Money Market		36,355		14,700			
Other Government Bonds 13,015 9,017 Corporate Bonds 1,095,229 572,333 Common Stocks 4,879,926 2,613,432 International Mutual Funds 1,184,221 635,173 Total Investments \$ 8,854,147 \$ 4,702,273 \$ - Total Assets LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Escrow Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 Total Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 NET POSITION Restricted for Pensions \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573	U.S. Government Obligations		814,782		424,511			
Corporate Bonds 1,095,229 572,333 Common Stocks 4,879,926 2,613,432 International Mutual Funds 1,184,221 635,173 Total Investments \$ 8,854,147 \$ 4,702,273 \$ - Total Assets \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573 \$ 662,090 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Escrow Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 Total Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 Restricted for Pensions \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573 \$ 662,090	_		830,619		433,107			
Common Stocks 4,879,926 2,613,432 International Mutual Funds 1,184,221 635,173 Total Investments \$ 8,854,147 \$ 4,702,273 \$ - Common Stocks International Mutual Funds \$ 8,854,147 \$ 4,702,273 \$ - Total Assets \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573 \$ 662,090 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Escrow Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 Total Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 NET POSITION Restricted for Pensions \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573	Other Government Bonds		13,015		9,017			
International Mutual Funds	Corporate Bonds		1,095,229		572,333			
Total Investments \$ 8,854,147 \$ 4,702,273 \$ - Total Assets \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573 \$ 662,090 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Escrow Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 Total Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 Restricted for Pensions \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573	Common Stocks		4,879,926		2,613,432			
Sample S	International Mutual Funds		1,184,221		635,173			
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Escrow Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 Total Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 NET POSITION Restricted for Pensions \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573	Total Investments	\$	8,854,147	\$	4,702,273	\$	=	
Accounts Payable and Escrow Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 Total Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ 662,090 NET POSITION Restricted for Pensions \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573	Total Assets	\$	8,884,821	\$	4,721,573	\$	662,090	
\$ - \$ - \$ 662,090	LIABILITIES							
NET POSITION Restricted for Pensions \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573	Accounts Payable and Escrow Liabilities	\$		\$		\$	662,090	
Restricted for Pensions \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573	Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	662,090	
Restricted for Pensions \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573								
	NET POSITION							
Total Net Position \$ 8,884,821 \$ 4,721,573 \$ -	Restricted for Pensions	\$	8,884,821	\$	4,721,573			
	Total Net Position	\$	8,884,821	\$	4,721,573	\$	-	

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

ž.	Police Pension Plan			
<u>ADDITIONS</u>		······································		
Contributions: Plan Members State City Contributions	\$	46,451 107,375 -	\$	42,614 49,571 -
Total Contributions	\$	153,826	\$	92,185
Net Investment Income (Loss): Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in fair value of Investments Interest/Dividends Net Realized Gains (Losses) Total Investment Income (Loss)	\$	645,883 259,237 161,557 1,066,677	\$	352,567 132,157 83,476 568,200
Less Investment Expenses		36,112		19,250
Net Investment Income		1,030,565		548,950
Total Additions (Deductions)	\$	1,184,391	\$	641,135
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>				
Benefits	\$	392,587	\$	186,811
Administrative Expenses	-	8,550		8,900
Total Deductions	\$	401,137	\$	195,711
Change in Net Position		783,254		445,424
Net Position - Beginning		8,101,567		4,276,149
Net Position - Ending	\$	8,884,821	\$	4,721,573

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The City of St. Marys, Pennsylvania, a city of the third class, was created by charter granted by the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on June 18, 1992. On November 3, 1992, the citizens of the City approved a home rule charter with a council-manager form of government. The charter became effective on the first Monday of January 1994.

The financial statements include only the primary government of the City, which consists of all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that comprise the City's legal entity. The primary government financial statements do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units or joint ventures/jointly governed organizations.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The financial statements include government-wide financial statements prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

The City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. Funds are organized into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria: total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures /expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and total assets, deferred outflows of resources; liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. Additionally, any other governmental or enterprise fund may be reported as major if the government's officials believe it is particularly important to financial statement users. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds; governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General Operating expenditures, fixed charges, and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Airport Industrial Park Fund

The Airport Industrial Park Fund (the Park) is used to account for all activity related to the development of the Park. See Footnote 8 for additional information.

Parking Garage Fund

The Parking Garage Fund is used to account for all activity related to the development of the Parking Garage.

Debt Fund

The Debt Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Reserve Fund

The Capital Reserve Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects.

2016 Capital Projects Fund

This Fund is used to account for all activity related to the "New Money" portion of the refunding of the 2011 General Obligation bonds. The proceeds will be used for the acquisition of capital assets related to road construction and infrastructure.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned for a particular purpose and or for the accumulation of resources for that purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprises funds are used to account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Sewage Treatment Fund, Sewer Fund, and the I & I Fund are the City's major enterprise funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds (Continued)

Pension Trust Funds

The Pension Trust Funds account for the assets of the city's Police Pension and Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension plans.

Custodial Funds

Custodial Funds will have assets and liabilities being equal and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's Payroll Fund, Fire Loss Escrow Fund, and St. Marys Airport Industrial Park Loan Fund are custodial funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or not-current) are included on the statement of net position and the statement of activities present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available when they are collected within 60 days of the end of the year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plans. Employer contributions to the Plans are recognized when due as required by applicable law. Investments of the Plans are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Unearned revenues arise when the City receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. On the governmental fund financial statements, unearned revenues also arise when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period.

D. Taxes Receivable and Uncollected Taxes

The City considers all taxes assessed and not received within one year uncollectible. Below is the detail of taxes receivable and uncollectible taxes:

Real estate taxes receivable	\$	348,063
Per capita taxes receivable		649
Taxes receivable, gross	-	348,712
Less: uncollected taxes		(281,799)
Taxes receivable, net	\$	66,913

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Additions, improvements, and the capital outlays that extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized while maintenance and repairs, which do not improve or extend the life of the respective assets, are charged to expense. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Classification	Range of Lives
Buildings and improvements	10 - 40 years
Equipment and vehicles	2 - 20 years
Infrastructure	15 - 75 years

F. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers, as applicable. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables on the fund financial statements. Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position. Services provided are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund activity is treated as transfers.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Government-wide statement of Net position reports \$4,957,368 of restricted net position, of which \$1,096,914 is restricted by enabling legislation. These amounts are net of the \$982,731 negative airport industrial park fund and parking garage fund balances.

The City's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available.

H. Compensated Absences

Officers of the City Police Department shall receive 15 sick days annually and are permitted to accumulate 200 sick days; unused vacation time may not be carried over from one year to the next. Officers who retire due to age or disability, leave the department prior to retirement by vesting their pension, or are killed in the line of duty shall be paid 50% of their unused sick leave at the rate of pay then in effect.

Non-uniformed and management employees hired before January 1, 2006 shall be entitled to 13 sick days annually (6.5 days on January 1 and 6.5 days as of July 1 for non-uniformed employees) and are permitted to accumulate 300 sick days; vacation time may be carried over up to a maximum of ten days from year to year. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2006 shall be entitled to 10 sick days annually (5 days January 1 and 5 days July 1); unused vacation time may not be carried over from one year to the next. Management employees can carry over 25 days of vacation from year to year. Employees retiring under the City's pension plan shall receive at the time of retirement a lump sum payment of 15% of accumulated sick leave. An employee who terminates employment because of retirement, layoff, or other employment shall receive accrued vacation entitlement and pay pertaining thereto, prorated at the termination date, at the rate of pay then in effect.

All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and the proprietary financial statements. Compensated absences for year ending 2017 were \$122,217.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position, with proceeds as increases and payments as decreases to the liability. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize the proceeds received from debt issuance during the current period as other financing sources and payments made on debt during the current period as debt service expenditures.

K. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and /or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category:

In conjunction with pension accounting requirements, the effect of the change in assumptions; the difference between expected and actual experience; and the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are recorded as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions on the government-wide financial statements. These amounts are determined based on actuarial valuations performed for the plans. Note 11 and Note 12 present additional information about the pension plans.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and /or the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and/or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category:

In conjunction with pension accounting requirements, the effect of the change in assumptions; the difference between expected and actual experience; and the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are recorded as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions on the government-wide financial statements. These amounts are determined based on actuarial valuations performed for the plans. Note 11 and Note 12 present additional information about the pension plans.

Note 3 - Cash Deposits and Investments

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania statutes provide for the investment of moneys of governmental and proprietary funds into certain authorized investment types, including United States Treasury bills, short-term obligations of the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities, obligations of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, obligations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth, obligations of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision, and insured or collateralized time deposits and certificates of deposit.

Note 3 - Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The statutes do not prescribe regulations related to demand deposits; however, they do allow the pooling of governmental funds for investment purposes.

In addition to the investments authorized by governmental and proprietary funds, investments of the Pension Trust Fund may also be made in corporate stocks and bonds, real estate and other investments consistent with sound business practice.

The deposit and investment policy of the City adheres to the Commonwealth statutes and prudent business practice. There are no deposit or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of either the Commonwealth statutes or the policy of the City.

Cash Deposits

Cash deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the City at December 31, 2017. Category 1 includes cash deposits which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

Category 2 includes cash deposits which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes cash deposits which are uninsured and uncollateralized, or were collateralized in accordance with Act 72, a Commonwealth statute which permits the financial institution to pool collateral for all governmental deposits and have the collateral held by an approved custodian in the institution's name.

At December 31, 2017, the carrying amount of the City's cash deposits with financial institutions was \$8,957,565 and the financial institutions balances totaled \$9,098,547 which is categorized as follows:

 Category 1
 \$ 780,000

 Category 3
 8,318,547

 Total Cash Deposits
 \$ 9,098,547

Note 3 - Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

The City's cash equivalent investments in PLGIT and money markets are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The City's position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares and is reported at amortized cost which approximates fair value. PLGIT activities are invested directly in a portfolio of securities, which are held by a third-party custodian. All investments in an external investment pool that is not SEC registered are subject to oversight by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The City can withdraw funds from the external investment pool without limitation or fees upon adequate notice.

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Pension Trust Funds

The investments of the Pension Trust Funds are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, securities that are uninsured and not registered in the name of the City and are held by either the counterparty to the transaction or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name will not be returned to the City. All of the City's investments are either insured or registered in the City's name and held by the City's agent.

Note 3 - Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At December 31, 2017, the credit quality ratings of the Pension Trust Funds' investments are as follows:

Investment Type		<u>Fair Value</u>				
US Government Obligations:		Rating				
US Treasury Bonds	\$	1,239,293	AA+			
US Government Related Obligations:						
US Agency Bonds	\$	1,263,726	AA+			
Corporate Bonds:						
Domestic	\$	20,395	BBB-			
Domestic		104,507	BBB			
Domestic		387,842	BBB+			
Domestic		119,047	AA-			
Domestic		251,966	A-			
Domestic		417,736	А			
Domestic		185,787	A+			
Domestic		109,171	AA			
Domestic		55,922	AA+			
Domestic		15,189	Aa3			
Total Corporate Bonds	\$	1,667,562				
Other Government Bonds:						
International Bonds	\$	22,032	A+			
Domestic Equities:						
Common Stocks	\$	6,288,324	N/A			
Class A		501,151	N/A			
Class C		156,960	N/A			
Common CL V		131,023	N/A			
Common USD		132,516	N/A			
PFD Customer Service		194,792	N/A			
CL A Common		88,592				
Total Domestic Equities	\$	7,493,358	N/A			
International Equities:						
International Mutual Funds	\$	1,819,394	N/A			
Money Market Funds	\$	51,055	N/A			
Total Investments	\$	13,556,420				

Note 3 - Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The city's investments in the Pension Trust Funds subject to interest rate risk at December 31, 2017 included the following:

			Remaining Maturities (Years)						
Investment Type		<u>Fair Value</u>		<u>0-5</u>		<u>6-10</u>	<u>11-15</u>		
US Government Obligations	\$	1,239,293	\$	869,506	\$	369,787			
US Govt. Agency Obligations		1,263,726		1,024,187		239,539			
Corporate Bonds		1,667,562		986,806		641,470	39,286		
Other Government Bonds	-	22,032		22,032					
Total by Maturity Dates	\$	4,192,613	\$	2,902,531	\$	1,250,796 \$	39,286		
Domestic Equities		7,493,358							
International Equities		1,819,394							
Money Market Funds		51,055							
Total Investments	\$	13,556,420							

The City's pension trust funds categorize its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The pension trust funds have the following recurring fair value measurements at December 31, 2017:

		Fair Value Measurements						
Investments by Fair Value Level	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
Fixed Income:								
Bond mutual funds	\$ 4,192,613	\$ 4,192,613						
Equity Mutual Funds:								
Domestic - Large Cap Core	7,493,358	7,493,358	1.010.304					
International	1,819,394		1,819,394	·				
Total Equity Mutual Funds	13,505,365	11,685,971	1,819,394					
Short-term Funds	51,055	51,055	**					
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$ 13,556,420	\$11,737,026	\$1,819,394					

Fixed income, equity mutual funds, and short-term funds classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices – included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Note 3 - Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5 percent or more of total investments are as follows:

Issuer	Fair Value
Advisor Inner Circle-McKee Intl. Equity Fund	\$ 1,819,394
	\$ 1,819,394

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At December 31, 2017, \$1,819,394 of the Pension Trust Funds investments was held in international equity funds.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Depreciation expense was charged to the various functions of the primary government as follows:

Dej	preciation			
Expense				
\$	48,213			
	266,040			
	1,115,641			
	58,887			
\$	1,488,781			
Dej	preciation			
	Expense			
\$	139,549			
	\$ De			

Note 4 - Capital Assets - (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending		
Governmental Activities	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:				,		
Land	\$ 389,926	\$ 49,500		\$ 439,426		
Construction in progress	58,698	108,813	(\$4,398)	163,113		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	448,624	158,313	(4,398)	602,539		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings & Building Improvements	13,937,259	49,225		13,986,484		
Equipment	6,896,747	498,090	(192,326)	7,202,511		
Improvements	1,285,670	3,000		1,288,670		
Infrastructure	10,359,144	917,663	***************************************	11,276,807		
Total capital assets being depreciated	32,478,820	1,467,978	(192,326)	33,754,472		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings & Building Improvements	(2,596,939)	(359,832)		(2,956,771)		
Equipment	(5,006,457)	(399,677)	181,290	(5,224,844)		
Improvements	(900,810)	(33,620)		(934,430)		
Infrastructure	(4,254,779)	(695,652)		(4,950,431)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,758,985)	(1,488,781)	181,290	(14,066,476)		
Total capital asssets being depreciated, net	19,719,835	(20,803)	(11,036)	19,687,996		
Government activities capital assets, net	\$ 20,168,459	\$ 137,510	\$ (15,434)	\$ 20,290,535		
)		3,		
	Beginning			Ending		
Business-Type Activities	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 11,692			\$ 11,692		
Construction in progress	-					
Total capital assets not being depreciated	11,692	-	-	11,692		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings & Building Improvements	140,835	9,245		150,080		
Equipment	1,896,770	106,982		2,003,752		
Infrastructure	1,110,912	197,411		1,308,323		
Total capital assets being depreciated:	3,148,517	313,638		3,462,155		
rotal capital assets being depreciated.						
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings & Building Improvements	(21,943)	(5,521)		(27,464)		
Equipment	(1,131,047)	(112,807)		(1,243,854)		
Infrastructure	(56,763)	(21,221)	<u></u>	(77,984)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,209,753)	(139,549)	_	(1,349,302)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,938,764	174,089	-	2,112,853		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,950,456	\$ 174,089	\$ -	\$ 2,124,545		

Construction in progress amounts listed above includes capital projects not completed as of December 31, 2017. The projects are further discussed in Note 18.

Note 5 - Long-term Notes Receivable

In 2009, the City received two grants, each in the amount of \$500,000, from the Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development for the purpose of loaning the funds to a developer to support the creation of a mixed-use building in the City of St. Marys. Each grant provided a \$485,000 loan to the developer.

The terms of the Notes require the developer to repay the City the principal balance of \$485,000 for the first note on May 25, 2025 and the principal balance of \$485,000 for the second note on February 12, 2034. The notes have no stated interest rate and are secured by the related land, building and equipment. For financial reporting purposes, the Long-term notes receivable are valued at present value using an imputed interest rate of 5%. At December 31, 2017, the face amount of Long-term account receivable is valued at \$970,000 with an unamortized present value adjustment of \$546,792.

Upon repayment, the terms of the grant require the City to use the proceeds of the Note for other eligible activities consistent with the Housing and Redevelopment Assistance Law.

Note 6 - Taxes

Real Estate Property Taxes

Real estate property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January first. The Elk County Assessment Office calculates the yearly tax levy and semiannual interim tax levies and distributes the individual tax duplicates to the City's elected tax collector. The tax collector is responsible for tax collections.

The yearly tax and the first semiannual interim tax levies are billed on or before March 1, with a 2% discount through April 30; face amount due for May 1 through June 30; and 10% penalty added after July 1. The second semiannual interim tax levy is billed on or before July 1, with a 2% discount through August 31; face amount due from September 1 through October 31; and 10% penalty added after November 1.

The City is permitted by law to levy taxes up to the rate of 25 mills on every dollar of assessed value of real property for general City purposes. Additional levies for certain other purposes are permitted at specific maximum mileages as provided in the City Code.

Assessed value is 50% of market value. The City's taxable assessed value for 2017 was \$219,611,900. The real estate tax millage rate for 2017 was 18.5362 mills.

Tax Abatement

Tax abatements are given to businesses, property owners and residents who qualify for assistance under various community and economic building initiatives. The City offers the Keystone Opportunity Zones (KOZs) and the Local Economic Revitalization Tax Assistance (LERTA) programs. The tax abatement program is an agreement between the City of Saint Marys, The County of Elk and the Saint Marys Area School District. The majority local taxing authority's having jurisdiction will determine the tax abatement.

Note 6 - Taxes (Continued)

<u>KOZ</u> - PA businesses relocating to a KOZ must either: Increase their full-time employment by 20% within the first full year of operation, or make a 10% capital investment in the KOZ property based on their prior year's gross revenues. Eligibility for benefits is based upon annual certification. In order to receive benefits, any entity applying must be compliant with all local and state taxes and building and zoning codes.

The City of St. Marys, in association with the St. Marys Area School District and Elk County, has designated four industrial parks as KOZ. A Pennsylvania KOZ is a geographic area designated by local government and approved by the State as virtually tax free. The City issues abatements for local real property taxes. Total qualified KOZ properties who received tax abatements for real estate taxes as of December 31, 2017 is \$14,913.

LERTA - was established to allow local taxing authorities to exempt improvements to a business property if such property is located in a deteriorated area. Property improvements eligible for exemption include: repairs; construction or reconstruction, including alterations and additions; rehabilitating a deteriorated property; improvements required to alleviate health concerns; economic use; and improvements necessary to comply with laws, ordinances or regulations. The three local taxing authorities established an exemption schedule with the exemption realized on a sliding scale beginning with 100% for the 1st two years in the program; 75% exemption for the 3rd year and 50% exemption for the 4th year of the program. The exemption ends after the 4th year. The City issues abatements for local real property taxes. Total qualified LERTA properties who received tax abatements for real estate taxes as of December 31, 2017 is \$29,333.

Per Capita Taxes

Per Capita Taxes are collected at various times during the year by the City tax collector. The tax is in the amount of \$5.00 per taxpayer. Various income and age provisions determine individual tax liability.

Local Service Taxes

Local Service taxes are also collected at various times by the City tax collector. The amount imposed on taxable residents is \$47.00 for wages earned over \$12,000 per year. This tax is imposed on any individual working in St. Marys.

Earned Income Taxes

The city also levies a one-half percent tax on the annual earned income of City Residents. The tax is collected at various times throughout the year and remitted to the City by an appointed collection agency. The Elk County Tax Collection Committee selected Berkheimer Tax Administrator to collect the earned income for Elk County.

Note 7 - Due From Other Governments

Due from other governments includes grant funds receivable from grantor agencies of \$206,441. Additionally, it also includes amounts due from the St. Marys Area Airport Authority. During a prior year, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Authority for a \$60,000 loan to provide funds for airport operations. The loan was payable to the City upon demand on or before December 31, 2005, and carried no interest rate through that date. The remaining balance due at December 31, 2005, after a period of thirty days, is subject to an interest rate of 6 percent per annum. Currently, the City has elected not to charge interest. The loan is secured by equipment of the Authority. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2017 was \$39,000, which has been fully reserved in Allowance for Uncollectible Due from Governments.

Note 7 - Due From Other Governments (continued)

In May of 2011 the City issued the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2011, in the principal amount of \$4,870,000, for the purpose of financing the costs associated with the refunding of the City's General Obligation refunding series of 2006 bonds; general obligation series A of 2005 Note, general obligation series B of 2005 Note; general obligation series of 2007 note, general obligation series of 2009 Note, and to refinance the guaranteed airport revenue notes, series of 1993 and series of 2007 held by the St. Marys Airport Authority and guaranteed by the City. Total outstanding for the Airport Authority debt as of December 31, 2017 is \$51,419.

In September of 2015, City Council agreed to lend the St. Marys Area Airport Authority \$20,000 towards their AWAS system and a portion of the local match towards the Airport's obstruction removal grant. The terms of repayment are \$5,000 yearly for 4 years payable on or before June 1. Total outstanding balance as of December 31, 2017 is \$15,000.

On January 19, 2018, City Council and the St. Marys Airport Authority entered into an agreement stating that the Airport Authority will pay back the total amount owed the City in a 10 -year period from 2018 through 2027. The City will deduct from the amount allocated to the Airport Authority in the general fund budget each year to satisfy the loan payments. The payments range from \$10,284 to \$10,800 yearly.

In 2015, the Benzinger Township Municipal Golf Course Authority defaulted on two monthly loan payments with Northwest Savings Bank. The City guaranteed the 2012 Note Modification Guarantee Agreement with the Golf Authority on May 29th of 2012 and guaranteed the 2012 Guarantee Agreement with the Golf Authority on July 6th of 2012. The City paid the June and July 2015 payments of \$12,270 and \$1,505 for each month. The \$27,550 has been fully reserved in Allowance for Uncollectible Due from Governments. City Council considers the payment of the loans as a one-time event. The Golf Association has elected new board members and has seen an increase in memberships starting in the 2016 season. All loan payments for 2017 were paid by the Golf Authority.

Note 8 - Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at December 31, 2017 consisted of the following:

Due From:										
	Airport	Parking	Capital	Comm.	Sewage					
	Industrial	Garage	Reserve	Dev. Block	Treatment					
DueTo:	Park Fund	Fund	Fund	Grant Fund	Fund	Total				
General Fund		\$ 150,689	\$ 3,716	\$ 562	\$ 44,281	\$ 199,248				
Capital Reserve Fund		406,696				406,696				
I & I Fund					18,344	18,344				
Airport Industrial										
Park Loan Fund	\$ 660,858					660,858				
	\$ 660,858	\$ 557,385	\$ 3,716	\$ 562	\$ 62,625	\$ 1,285,146				

Note 8 - Interfund Balances - (continued)

Interfund balances result from the timing differences between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

The Airport Industrial Park Fund has an interfund balance owed to the Airport Industrial Park Loan Fund, a fiduciary fund. The City remits the loan payments for a loan between the Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development and the St. Marys Airport Authority. See Footnote 10 for further information.

The Parking Garage Fund has a negative fund balance of \$322,722. This relates to construction cost incurred. The General Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund advanced funds to the project. City Council has designated \$20,000 of parking revenue each year towards repayment of this interfund payable.

Note 9 - Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2017 consisted of the following:

Tranci	orc	From:
Hallol	CID	FIUIII.

	General	Fire	Liquid	Debt	Sewage	1&1	
Transfers To:	<u>Fund</u>	Protection	Fuels Tax	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Treatment</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>
General Fund			\$392,552	\$219,509			\$ 612,061
Parking Garage Fund	\$ 20,000						20,000
Shade Tree Fund	7,500						7,500
Debt Service Fund	218,307	\$12,355					230,662
Airport Industrial Park Fd				21			21
Capital Reserve Fund	1,704,442						1,704,442
I & I Fund					\$230,083		230,083
Sewer Fund					42,485		42,485
Sewage Treatment Fund						\$197,411	197,411
Totals	\$1,950,249	\$12,355	\$392,552	\$219,530	\$272,568	\$197,411	\$3,044,665

Note 9 - Interfund Transfers - (Continued)

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt

The following presents a summary of governmental long-term liability transactions of the City during the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Beginning Balance Additions Reductions			eductions		Ending Balance		ue within One Year			
Primary Government:	_										
Governmental Activities											
Notes and Bonds Payable:											
Notes Payable	\$	1,385,283	\$	ò		\$	(208,034)	\$	1,177,249	\$	211,467
General obligation bonds - 2016		5,075,000			-		(310,000)		4,765,000		305,000
Total Notes and											
Bonds Payable	\$	6,460,283	\$	ò	X 2 2	\$	(518,034)	\$	5,942,249	\$	516,467
Compensated absences		104,368			1,594		-		105,962		-
Other post-employment											
Benefits	,	184,791			6,245		-	9 2-1	191,036	-	-
Governmental Activities										24	
long-term liabilities		6,749,442		<u> </u>	7,839	\$	(518,034)	\$	6,239,247	_\$	516,467
Business-Type Activities											
Compensated absences	\$	13,707	Ş	5	2,548	\$	-	\$	16,255	\$	B 1
Business-Type Activities										27	
long-term liabilities	\$	13,707	<u></u>	<u> </u>	2,548	\$	-	\$	16,255	\$	

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Note 10 - Long-Term Debt - (Continued)

A detailed summary of long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2017, is as follows:

Α	mount of	Balance				
Ori	ginal Issue		Ou	tstanding		
\$	1,000,000	General Obligation Note issued to the Commonwealth	\$	812,683		
		of Pennsylvania Dept. of Transportation for funds to				
		improve certain city owned streets, payable annually				
		on April 1st, beginning in 2017 through maturity				
		on April 1, 2026, at \$109,154 with interest of				
		1.625 percent. This note Is secured by future liquid				
		fuels tax allocation.				
\$	1,000,000	General Obligation Note issued to the Commonwealth	\$	317,099		
		of Pennsylvania Dept. of Transportation for funds to				
		improve certain city owned streets, payable annually				
		on December 27, beginning in 2011 through maturity				
		on December 27, 2020, at \$109,154 with interest of				
		1.625 percent. This note Is secured by future liquid				
		fuels tax allocation.				
\$	5,225,000	General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2016, of September 20, 2016;	\$	4,765,000		
		bonds mature annually 2016 through 2031 on December 1,				
		with interest of 0.6 to 3.00 percent payable on June 1, and				
		December 1, issued to advance refund series of 2011 Bonds,				
		and to issue new money of \$1,825M by extending the term				
		of the bond period by 6 years to 12/01/2031. These proceeds				
		will provide financing for public works capital projects.	¥			
\$	160,000	General Obligation Note No. 1 of 2006, issued by the	\$	47,46		
		Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Emergency Management				
		Agency for the purchase of an Aerial Fire Apparatus, at 2				
		percent payable monthly at \$1,030 from February 1, 2007				
		through January 1, 2022.				
\$	7,385,000	Total Long Term Debt:	\$	5,942,249		

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Note 10 - Long-Term Debt - (Continued)

The aggregate annual debt service requirements applicable to the City's bonded debt and notes payable for each of the next five and remaining years is summarized:

<u>Year</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ 516,459	\$ 123,528	\$ 639,987
2019	519,941	113,946	633,887
2020	528,480	104,307	632,787
2021	427,932	94,510	522,442
2022	427,338	86,441	513,779
2023-2027	2,027,099	308,894	2,335,993
2028-2031	1,495,000	 104,850	 1,599,850
	\$ 5,942,249	\$ 936,476	\$ 6,878,725

Contingencies

The City, pursuant to Guaranty Agreements, is contingently liable as guarantor for various bond and note obligations. The following presents, in summary form, these contingent liabilities.

St. Marys Municipal Authority - Guaranteed Debt

Sewer Revenue Bonds

During November 2015, the Authority issued \$2,835,000 of Guaranteed Sewer Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series of 2015 to redeem the outstanding Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series of 2010. The bonds have been issued under the 1986 Trust Indenture dated October 15, 1986, as supplemented by the Sixth Supplemental Trust Indenture dated November 4, 2015, between the Authority and the successor Trustee, Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company. The bonds are payable from revenues of the Authority, received primarily from the lease agreement of the same date as the related Trust Indenture between the Authority and the City of St. Marys, with the debt also being guaranteed by the City. The bonds vary as to rate of interest, from 0.60 percent to 3.00 percent, and have maturity dates of June and December each year through 2020. The balance of the bonds outstanding at December 31, 2017 was \$1,670,000.

The following summarizes the aggregate annual debt service requirements applicable to the Authority's Sewer Revenue Bonds:

			Total Debt		
Year	Principal	Interest	Service		
2018	\$ 595,000	\$ 41,200	\$ 636,200		
2019	620,000	27,600	647,600		
2020	455,000	8,925	463,925		
Total Payments	\$1,670,000	\$ 77,725	\$1,747,725		
Deferred Amounts:					
Issuance Premium	42,325	-	42,325		
	\$1,712,325	\$ 77,725	\$1,790,050		

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Note 10 – Long-Term Debt – (Continued) Contingencies

St. Marys Municipal Authority - Guaranteed Debt

Pennvest Loan

St. Marys Municipal Authority Note Payable to Pennsylvania Infrastructure Investment Authority (Pennvest), original amount of \$5,908,255, payable at \$27,084 per month through December 1, 2008 with interest at 1.0 percent and after at \$27,396 monthly through maturity on November 1, 2023 with interest at 1.156 percent. The outstanding balance of the loan was \$1,879,214 at December 31, 2017.

Debt service requirements remaining on the Pennyest loan are:

					Total Debt			
Year	Principal			Interest	Service			
2018	\$	308,657	\$	20,091	\$	328,748		
2019		312,244		16,504		328,748		
2020		315,873		12,875		328,748		
2021		319,542		9,206		328,748		
2022		323,257		5,491		328,748		
2023		299,641		1,714		301,355		
Total	\$	1,879,214	\$	65,881	\$	1,945,095		

Benzinger Township Golf Course Authority – Guaranteed Debt

2012 Note Modification Guarantee Agreement

On May 29, 2012, the City of Saint Marys entered into the 2012 Note Modification Guarantee Agreement with Benzinger Township Municipal Golf Course Authority and Northwest Savings Bank for debt in the amount of \$1,120,375, with an initial fixed rate of 3.00% per annum for 60 months, then adjustable on each 60 month anniversary thereafter to 70% of the sum of the 5 year FHLB rate then in effect on the said 60 month anniversary date, plus 2.75%. This note refinances the 2009 loan. The loan is repayable in installments of \$12,270 on the thirtieth day of each May through October, beginning in May, 2012 and continuing through August 30, 2029. The aggregate annual debt service required at the current 3.0 percent rate is:

Year	P	rincipal	Interest		Total		
2018	\$	52,301	\$ 21,319	\$	73,620		
2019		53,906	19,714		73,620		
2020		55,511	18,109		73,620		
2021		57,266	16,354		73,620		
2022		59,025	14,595		73,620		
2023-2027		323,416	44,684		368,100		
2028-2029		109,379	3,625		113,004		
Totals:	\$	710,804	\$ 138,400		849,204		

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Note 10 – Long-Term Debt – (Continued)
Contingencies

Benzinger Township Golf Course Authority - Guaranteed Debt

2012 Guarantee Agreement

On July 6, 2012, the City of Saint Marys entered into the 2012 Guarantee Agreement with the Benzinger Township Golf Course Authority and Northwest Savings bank for debt in the amount of \$109,000, with an initial fixed rate of 3.00% per annum for 60 months, then adjustable on each 60 month anniversary. The loan will be used to pay off existing NWSB line of credit, First Commonwealth loan, and provide funds for improvements to the heating and cooling system. The loan is repayable in installments of \$1,504.79, on the thirtieth day of each May through October, beginning on July 30, 2012 and continuing through June 30, 2027. The aggregate annual debt service required at the current 3.00 percent rate is:

Year	Principal		Interest	Total		
2018	\$	6,854	\$ 2,175	\$	9,029	
2019		7,065	1,964		9,029	
2020		7,277	1,752		9,029	
2021		7,505	1,524		9,029	
2022		7,735	1,294		9,029	
2023-2027		36,257	2,782		39,039	
	\$	72,693	\$ 11,491	\$	84,184	

2013 Guarantee Agreement

On June 26, 2013, the City of Saint Marys entered into the 2013 Guarantee Agreement with the Benzinger Township Golf Course Authority and First Commonwealth bank for debt in the amount of \$89,161.49, with an initial fixed rate of 3.24%. On the anniversary date of this Note in June of 2020, the interest rate shall be reset at the 3—year swap, plus 250 basis points, for the remaining term of the Note. The maximum rate of interest on this Note shall be 8.00% per annum. The loan will be used for the purpose of purchasing maintenance equipment. The loan is repayable in installments of \$1,737.09, on the 26th day of each May through October, beginning on July 26, 2013 and continuing through June 26, 2023. The aggregate annual debt service required at the current 3.24 percent rate is:

Year	Principal			Interest	Total		
2018	\$	8,818	\$	1,605	\$	10,423	
2019		9,111		1,312		10,423	
2020		9,410		1,013		10,423	
2021		9,725		698		10,423	
2022		10,048		375		10,423	
2023		3,406		70		3,476	
Totals	\$	50,518	\$	5,073	\$	55,591	

Please refer to Note 7 for additional information.

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Note 10 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Contingencies (Continued)

St. Marys Area Airport Authority Debt

The City by agreement of October 1, 2007 with the St. Marys Area Airport Authority and the Commonwealth Financing Authority has guaranteed the payment of a note of \$1,061,450 issued by the Airport Authority to the Financing Authority. The Loan assisted in the financing of the Airport Industrial Park Project site. Payments of principal and interest are deferred until sale or lease occurs and interest accrues on amounts not paid at two percent of the outstanding balance. The Airport Authority was required at 5/1/2013 to begin monthly payments of principal and interest to amortize the loan by maturity date of November 1, 2027. The outstanding balance of the loan was \$660,858 at December 31, 2017. It is anticipated that the sale of the improved lots, owned by the City and created by the project, will provide funds for the required debt payments. When all lots are sold, the total proceeds is expected to eliminate the current negative fund balance. The City will be paying annual interest payments of \$13,401 - \$13,438 to the Commonwealth Financing Authority yearly until the loan balance changes based on property sales.

Note 11 - Police Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the City to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. A separate report is not issued for the plan.

Eligibility

All full-time members of the police force join the Plan upon employment.

Normal Retirement

A participant is eligible for normal retirement after attainment of age 50 and completion of 20 years of service. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly during the participant's lifetime, with payments continuing after the participant's death to the surviving spouse or to dependent children under the age of 18 equal to 100% of the amount payable to the participant at the time of the participant's death. The amount of monthly pension is equal to 50% of average monthly pay plus an incremental pension of 1.25% times average monthly pay for each full year of service (before age 65) in excess of 20 years, up to an additional \$500 per month.

Average monthly pay is based upon the final 36 months of employment (pay includes overtime). For post January 1, 1995, participants, average monthly pay is based upon the highest five years of employment (excluding overtime), or the final rate of pay (base pay plus longevity), whichever is greater.

Late Retirement

If a participant continues working after his normal retirement date, his pension does not start until he actually retires. The late retirement benefit is the benefit accrued to the late retirement date.

Disability Retirement

If a participant is disabled in the line of duty he is eligible for a disability pension. The disability pension is equal to 100% of average monthly pay less Workers' Compensation and Social Security. The disability pension cannot exceed 50% of average monthly pay. For post-January 1, 1995, participants, the disability benefit is 50% of average monthly pay less Workers' Compensation. For participants with a non-service related disability, the benefit is 25% of average monthly pay if less than 10 years of service and 50% of average monthly pay if ten or more years of service.

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Note 11 - Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Postretirement Cost-of-Living Increase

An annual cost-of-living adjustment is made to retirees with a maximum total cost-of-living increase of 30%, and for post January 1, 1995, participants a maximum pension benefit of 50% of the current salary of a patrolman of the highest pay grade. For all participants, the pension cannot exceed 75% of final average monthly pay. The cost-of-living adjustment does not apply to the service increment. Vested terminated participants are not eligible for COLAs when they retire.

Death Benefits

If a member who is eligible for retirement dies or is killed in service, a death benefit is payable to a surviving spouse or children under age 18 in an amount equal to 100% of the member's normal retirement benefit. If a member dies who is not subject to the above death benefit, a death benefit is payable equal to 25% of compensation if the member had less than 10 years of service. If the member had 10 or more years of service at death, the death benefit is equal to 50% of compensation.

Vesting

A participant's benefits vest upon completion of 12 years of service. The vested benefit is a deferred pension beginning at normal retirement equal to the benefit accrued to the date of termination.

Accrued Pension

The benefit accrued at any date other than the normal retirement date is equal to the projected normal retirement benefit multiplied by the ratio of the number of years and days of service to date to the total number of years and days of service projected at normal retirement.

Contributions

If an actuarial study shows the Plan to have sufficient assets to fund plan benefits, member contributions may be suspended. Members contribute 5.0% of pay (plus \$5.00 per month until age 65). For post January 1, 1995 hires, participants are required to contribute 5% of base pay plus longevity pay and \$5 per month until age 65. Member contributions are credited with 4.5% interest, credited from the January 1 following the date the contribution is made. Member contributions made by post-January 1, 1995, participants do not receive any interest. Additionally, the City must provide annual contributions sufficient to satisfy the actuarially determined contribution requirements. Contribution requirements of the plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council.

		Police Plan
ммо	\$	102,060
Contributions:		
City	\$	
Allocation of state aid		107,375
Total		107,375
Employee		46,451
Total Contributions	\$	153,826
Covered Payroll	\$	1,022,221
Employee contributions as a % of covered payroll		4.54%

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Note 11 - Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Effective January 1, 2004, a member who is eligible for Normal Retirement may elect the DROP. The DROP requires a member to set a resignation date within 12 to 24 months. Pension benefits are calculated as of the drop election date. Between the period of drop election date and resignation date, the officer continues to work, and his pension benefits are deposited into an escrow account which will be disbursed to the member at resignation date.

Plan Membership at December 31, 2017

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial reporting for purposes of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Nos. 67 and 68:

Deferred Retirement Option Members	0
Inactive Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	11
Inactive Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	0
Active Members	<u>14</u>
Total Membership	<u>25</u>

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the liabilities from an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017. No significant events or changes in assumptions occurred between the valuation date and the fiscal year end. The components of the net pension liability of the Plan at December 31, 2017 is as follows:

		Police Pension Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ \$	8,401,999 (8,884,821)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(482,822)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		105.75%

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Note 11 - Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability of the City for the year ended December 31, 2017, were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease))		
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary				Net Pensio			
		Liability		Ν	et Position		Liability (Asse	
	Montestania	(a)			(b)			(a) - (b)
								D 190
Balances at 12/31/2016	\$	7,969,979		\$	8,101,567		\$	(131,588)
Service Cost		211,248						211,248
Interest Cost		599,881						599,881
Changes of Benefit Terms		-						-
Changes for Experience		(126,548)						(126,548)
Changes of Assumptions		140,026						140,026
Contributions - Employer					107,375			(107,375)
Contributions - Member					46,451			(46,451)
Net Investment Income					1,030,565			(1,030,565)
Benefit Payments, including								
refunds of member contributions		(392,587)			(392,587)			
Administrative Expenses					(8,550)			8,550
Other Charges		PAINA PROCESSOR AND		None of the last	_			1925 1925 1925
Net Changes	\$	432,020		\$	783,254		\$	(351,234)
Balance as of 12/31/2017	\$	8,401,999		\$	8,884,821		\$	(482,822)
Plan fiduciary net position as a pe	rcor	ntago.						
of the total pension liability	icei	itage						105.75%
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Note 11 - Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease (6.50%)		1	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
				(7.50%)	(8.50%)		
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	582,479	\$	(482,822)	\$	(1,368,502)	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following economic assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%	
Salary Increases	5.00%	(average, including inflation)
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	(including inflation)
Postretirement Cost of Living Increase	3.00%	

Mortality rates were based on the IRS 2017 Static Combined Table for Small Plans. Incorporated into the table are rates for annuitants projected 7 years and rates for non-annuitants projected 15 years using Scale AA to reflect mortality improvement.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity International Equity	52.00% 11.00%	5.50% - 7.50% 4.50% - 6.50%
Fixed Income	34.00%	1.00% - 3.00%
Real Estate Cash	0.00% 3.00%	4.50% - 6.50% 0.00% - 1.00%
Casii	3.00%	0.00% - 1.00%
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Note 11 - Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Rate of Return – The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return for the City of Saint Marys Police Pension Fund account is 14.00%.

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The employer has always met the funding requirements of Pennsylvania law Act 205 of 1984. Act 205 requires full funding of the entry age normal cost plus plan expenses, as well as amortization of the unfunded liability.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$228,936. At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Police Pension	
Deferred Outflow of Resources:		
Changes in assumption	\$	116,688
Difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	(-	281,102
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	397,790
		Police
		Pension
Deferred Inflow of Resources:		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	105,457
Difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	\$	345,778
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	451,235

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Note 11 - Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the police pension plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,		
2018	\$	54,051
2019		54,049
2020		(79,589)
2021		(84,199)
2022	(3 400000000	2,243
Total	\$	(53,445)

Note 12 - Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the City to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. A separate report is not issued for the plan.

Eligibility

All full-time employees who are not members of the police force join the plan upon hire.

Normal Retirement

A member is eligible for normal retirement after attainment of age 65 (age 60 for post January 23, 2001, members) and completion of 20 years of service. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly during the member's lifetime. For pre January 24, 2001, members, payments continue after the member's death to the surviving spouse equal to 50% of the initial amount payable to the member. For post January 23, 2001, members, payments cease upon the member's death. For pre January 24, 2001, members, the amount of monthly pension is equal to 30% of final monthly average pay, plus 1.0% of average monthly pay for each year of service in excess of 25 years (maximum \$100 for the service increment over 25 years). The minimum monthly pension is equal to \$18.00 multiplied by the number of years of service at retirement. Final monthly average pay is based upon the highest 12 consecutive months over the last five year of employment. Pay means total wages excluding any payments for accrued or unused sick leave, unused vacation, and unused holiday and personal days. For post January 23, 2001, members, the monthly pension is 50% of final monthly average pay, offset by 40% of primary Social Security. Social Security is calculated using only wages from the City. Final monthly average pay is the higher of the average pay during the last year or the average during the last five years.

Late Retirement

If a member continues working after his normal retirement date, his pension does not start until he actually retires. The late retirement benefit is the benefit accrued to the late retirement date.

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Note 12 - Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Early Retirement

For pre January 24, 2001, members, a member is eligible for early retirement after attainment of age 60 (age 62 prior to January 1, 1999) and completion of 20 years of service. The early retirement benefit is the benefit accrued to the early retirement date. There is no reduction for early retirement. Post January 23, 2001, members are not eligible for early retirement.

Disability Retirement

If a pre January 24, 2001, member who has completed ten years of service is disabled, and remains so for six months, he is eligible for a disability pension. The disability pension is equal to the benefit accrued to the date of disability. Post January 23, 2001, members who have completed ten years of service and become disabled are eligible for a disability pension equal to the normal retirement benefit. There is no offset for Social Security.

Death Benefit

If a pre January 24, 2001, member dies, a death benefit is payable to his designated beneficiary. The benefit is a lump sum equal to the present value of the benefit accrued at the date of death, but no less than accumulated member contributions with interest. If a post January 23, 2001, member dies, the death benefit is the accumulated member contributions, without interest.

Vesting

A pre January 24, 2001, member's benefits vest according to the following schedule. The vested benefit is a deferred pension beginning at normal retirement equal to the benefit accrued to the date of termination.

Years of Service	Vesting Percentage
0 Years	0%
1	14.25%
2	28.50%
3	42.75%
4	57%
5	71.25%
6	85.50%
7 or More Years	100%

There is no vesting for post January 23, 2001, members.

Accrued Pension

The benefit accrued at any date other than the normal retirement date is equal to the projected normal retirement benefit (excluding the service increment), multiplied by the ratio of the number of years of service to date to the total number of years of service projected at normal retirement. For pre January 24, 2001, members, the 1.0% service increment (maximum \$100) is added if service to date exceeds 25 years, unless the pension is based on the \$18 formula.

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Note 12 - Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Pre January 24, 2001, members contribute 2.0% of pay. Members hired after January 23, 2001, contribute 3.5% of pay plus 1.5% of pay in excess of the Social Security wage base. Member contributions for pre January 24, 2001, members are credited with 5% interest. There is no interest on contributions for members hired after January 23, 2001. Additionally, the City must provide annual contributions sufficient to satisfy the actuarially determined contribution requirements. Contribution requirements of the plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. It must be noted that the City has been in noncompliance with several prior year audit recommendations from the Auditor General's office from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Auditor General's office states, "Our audit of the Non-uniformed pension plan has revealed that the city continues to provide benefits to its Non-uniformed employees who were hired prior to January 24, 2001, which are less than those prescribe by the Third Class City Code". The impact on the financial statements has not been determined.

	Non-Unifor Plan		
ммо	\$	47,117	
Contributions:			
City		=	
Allocation of state aid	\$	49,571	
Total		49,571	
Employee		42,614	
Total Contributions	\$	92,185	
Covered Payroll	\$	1,547,061	
Employee contributions as a % of covered payroll	(2.75%	

<u>Service</u>

Years of service are calculated to the completed month from date of hire to date of severance.

Plan Membership at December 31, 2017

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial reporting for purposes of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Nos. 67 and 68:

Inactive Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	21
Inactive Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	1
Active Members	<u>32</u>
Total Membership	54

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Note 12 - Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the liabilities from an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017. No significant events or changes in assumptions occurred between the valuation date and the fiscal year end. The components of the net pension liability of the Plan at December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Non-Uniformed		
	Pension		
	Plan		
Total Pension Liability	\$	4,518,321	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	(4,721,573)	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(203,252)	
Plan fiduciary net position			
as a percentage of the			
total pension liability		104.50%	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1	% Increase
		(6.50%)		(7.50%)		(8.50%)
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	319,590	\$	(203,252)	\$	(649,684)

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Note 12 - Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability of the City for the year ended December 31, 2017, were as follows:

			In	cre	ase (Decrease)		
	То	tal Pension		Pla	n Fiduciary		Ne	t Pension
		Liability		N	et Position		Liab	ility (Asset)
		(a)			(b)			(a) - (b)
Balances at 12/31/2016	\$	4,295,104		\$	4,276,149		\$	18,955
Service Cost		104,819						104,819
Interest Cost		321,748						321,748
Changes of Benefit Terms		-						-1
Changes for Experience		(193,742)						(193,742)
Changes of Assumptions		177,203						177,203
Contributions - Employer					49,571			(49,571)
Contributions - Member					42,614			(42,614)
Net Investment Income					548,950			(548,950)
Benefit Payments, including								
refunds of member contributions		(186,811)			(186,811)			_
Administrative Expenses					(8,900)			8,900
Other Charges					_			-
Net Changes	_\$	223,217		\$	445,424		\$	(222,207)
Balance as of 12/31/2017	\$	4,518,321		\$	4,721,573		\$	(203,252)
Plan fiduciary not position as a no	rcor	ntago.						
Plan fiduciary net position as a per	cer	itage						104 50%
of the total pension liability								104.50%

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Note 12 - Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following economic assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%	
Salary Increases	5.00%	(average, including inflation)
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	(including inflation)
Postretirement Cost of Living Increase	0.00%	

Mortality rates were based on the IRS 2017 Static Combined Table for Small Plans. Incorporated into the table are rates for annuitants projected 7 years and rates for non-annuitants projected 15 years using Scale AA to reflect mortality improvement.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	52.00%	5.50% - 7.50%
International Equity	11.00%	4.50% - 6.50%
Fixed Income	33.00%	1.00% - 3.00%
Real Estate	0.00%	4.50% - 6.50%
Cash	4.00%	0.00% - 1.00%

Rate of Return – The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return for the City of Saint Marys Non-Uniformed Pension Fund account is 14.19%.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The employer has always met the funding requirements of Pennsylvania law Act 205 of 1984. Act 205 requires full funding of the entry age normal cost plus plan expenses, as well as amortization of the unfunded liability.

Page 65 (Continued)

Note 12 - Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$97,935. At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Non-Uniformed		
		Pension	
Deferred Outflow of Resources:	_		
Changes in assumption	\$	157,514	
Difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments	\$	144,094	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	301,608	
à.	Non	-Uniformed	
	1	Pension	
Deferred Inflow of Resources:	•		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	172,215	
Difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments	\$	185,697	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the non-uniformed plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,		
2018	\$	21,911
2019		21,910
2020		(44,513)
2021		(48,263)
2022		(1,838)
2023-2025	*************	(5,511)
Total	\$	(56,304)

Note 13 - Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

The City provides post-employment health insurance benefits to all non-uniformed eligible employees under the City of St. Marys Postretirement Medical Plan. Eligible retirees receive medical and prescription insurance for themselves until age 65. The City will pay 50% of the premium for such coverage and the retiree will pay the remaining 50%. Spouses and other dependents are not eligible to receive coverage. A separate report is not issued for the plan.

Funding Policy

The plan is unfunded. However, City Council did assign a portion of the unrestricted fund balance to other post-employment benefits at the end of 2017.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on annual required contributions (ARC) of the City, an amount determined on an actuarially determined basis in accordance with the parameters of GASB statement 45. The ARC represents a level funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 23,227
Interest on net OPEB obligation	8,316
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(11,345)
	2
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	20,198
Contributions made	(13,953)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	6,245
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	184,791
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	<u>\$ 191,036</u>

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Employer Contribution	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
December 31, 2017	\$20,198	\$13,953	69.1%	\$191,036
December 31, 2016	\$20,322	\$12,738	62.7%	\$184,791
December 31, 2015	\$20,459	\$12,117	59.2%	\$177,207
	W.			

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$215,694, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$215,694. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,409,933, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 15.3%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of the occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities of benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included: a 4.5 percent investment rate of return, an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6 percent in 2015, and 5.5 percent in 2016 through 2020. Rates gradually decreased from 5.4 percent in 2021 to 3.8 percent in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model. The UAAL is being amortized on a level dollar basis over a 30 year open period. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2015 was thirty years.

Note 14 - Leases

On April 29, 2013 the City signed a lease agreement to lease office space to Farmers National Bank of Emlenton at 10 N. Michael Street. The term of this lease shall extend for an initial term of twelve years from the date of regulatory approval (August, 2013). After the initial twelve year term, the lessee has the option to renew the lease for two additional terms of five years each. The lease provides for annual rent in the amount of \$49,296 payable in monthly installments of \$4,108. Total rental income under the lease was \$49,296 during the year ended December 31, 2017. Future minimum lease income for the next five years and thereafter is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2018	49,296
2019	49,296
2020	49,296
2021	49,296
2022	49,296
2023-2025	127,348
	373,828

Note 15 - Commitments

Upon issuance of the Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series of 2015, on November 4, the 2015 Sixth Supplemental Agreement of Lease between the Municipal Authority and the City of Saint Marys was executed. The lease requires semiannual rental payments from the City to the Authority due May 15 and November 15 of each year through and including December 1, 2020, equal to the sum of (a) one-half of the Authority's budgeted administrative expenses and (b) an amount equal to fifty-five percent of the average annual debt service requirement of all outstanding Series of 2015 Bonds, but not less than fifty percent of the current debt service requirement. The lease will terminate on December 31, 2020, when the system will be surrendered to the Authority. The City, during the term of the lease will continuously operate the Sewer System and provide all necessary and ordinary repairs and maintenance and adequate insurance coverage.

Note 16 - Fund Balance

The Balance Sheet statement for the Governmental Funds displays the fund balances in the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance – are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.

Restricted fund balance – are amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers, such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government, through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. For the City the fund balances that are reported as restricted are the Liquid Fuels Tax Allocation and 2016 Capital Projects Fund.

Committed fund balance - are amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (the City Council); to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint. The fund balances for the City that are reported as committed are the Special Revenue funds; Street lighting tax fund, Fire protection fund, Recreation fund, Library fund, Ambulance fund, Fire Hydrant fund, Debt fund, and the Capital Reserve Fund and Shade tree fund.

Assigned fund balance – are amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City has assigned fund balance of 320,586 to future compensated absences and other post-employment benefits. Additionally \$9,680 of Community Development Block Grant funds have been assigned to street projects.

Unassigned fund balance - are amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the general fund. One exception is, if a fund balance in total is negative, then the negative amount can only be attributed to the unassigned fund balance classification. The general fund's fund balance is reported as an unassigned fund balance, and since the Airport Industrial Park Project Fund and the St. Marys Parking Garage Fund have negative fund balances they are also recorded as unassigned fund balances.

Note 16 - Fund Balance (Continued)

City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget via ordinance. Assigned fund balance is established by City Council or management through council action or senior management designation.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, committed funds are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 17 - Litigation

The City, in the normal course of its activities, is involved in various claims and litigation. The City currently has claims and lawsuits pending, which could ultimately result in liability for the City over the next few years. The amount of these claims cannot be reasonably estimated at this time and would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

Note 18 - Construction in Progress

At December 31, 2017, the City had five construction projects in progress. Funding for the various projects consist of federal and state grants, along with operating funds of the City and community contributions. Information relating to the various projects are presented below:

Kaulmont Park Renovation Project

The project, consisting of various upgrades to the facility, is currently in the initial planning phase. Total estimated costs of the project are \$1,965,000 of which \$12,358 has been incurred through December 31, 2017.

Memorial Park Pool Renovation Project - Phase II

The renovation project is also in the initial planning stage, with costs of \$41,942 related to feasibility studies. The City is currently reviewing various options for the project in determining the ability to move forward with the project based on need and availability of funding.

<u>Downtown Park Project – Phase 1</u>

The downtown park project is a project creating a park located behind the parking garage on Depot Street. Placing a park in this area will encourage community organizations to host festivals; events and community activities at the park and away from the downtown area. Phase 1 consist of the initial design of the park with a cost of \$5,085. In 2017 the City expensed \$3,566 of this project and completion was in the beginning of 2018. Phase 2 will consist of sidewalks around the perimeter of the park and the rough conduit for lighting. This should be completed in 2018. This project was funded through the 2016 Capital Projects Fund with a total estimated cost of \$150,000.

Downtown Park Pedestrian Bridge

The downtown park pedestrian bridge is part of the downtown park located between Depot Street and Brusselles St. In 2017 the City purchased the Gerber house located on Brusselles Street. The cost to appraise, purchase, demolition permit, demolish, and clean up the area was \$95,818. Total estimated cost to complete the bridge project is \$125,000.

Note 18 - Construction in Progress (Continued)

St. Marys Multimodal Study

This grant project is administered through North Central PA Regional Planning and Development Commission. This study is to evaluate the pedestrian and vehicle traffic in the downtown area and to assess a better traffic flow. This study is required before any enhancement projects for the downtown can be submitted for grant funding, such as the TIP grant through PennDot. Total project cost is \$115,000 and the City's local match of 30% or \$35,000. These funds are federal transportation resources. As of December 31, 2017. The City has spent \$9,429.

Note 19 - Grants

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Note 20 - Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The requirements of the following GASB Statements were adopted for the City's 2017 financial statements. Except where noted, the adoption of these pronouncements did not have a significant impact of the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14," effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016 (the City's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2017). The objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units.

GASB Statement No. 81, "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreement," effective for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2016 (the City's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2017). The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The City is not a participant in any split-interest agreements.

GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73," effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016 (the City's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2017). The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provision of GASB Statements 67 and 68."

Pending Pronouncements

GASB has issued the following Statements, which will become effective in future years as shown below. Management has not yet determined the impact of these Statements on the City's financial statements.

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

Note 20 - Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements (Continued)

Pending Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB Statement No 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other Than Pensions," effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017 (the City's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2018). This statement addresses reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45.

GASB Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations," effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018 (the City's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2019). The objective of this Statement is to provide financial statement users with information about asset retirement obligations that were not addressed in GASB standards by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for these obligations.

GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities," effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 (the City's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2019). The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

GASB Statement No. 85, "Omnibus 2017, "effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017 (the City's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2018). The objective of this statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation of certain GASB Statements.

GASB Statement No. 86, "Certain *Debt Extinguishment Issues,*" effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. (the City's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2018). The requirements of this Statement will increase consistency in accounting and financial reporting for debt extinguishments by establishing uniform guidance for derecognizing debt that is defeased in substance, regardless of how cash and other monetary assets placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of extinguishing that debt were acquired. The requirements of this Statement also will enhance consistency in financial reporting of prepaid insurance related to debt that has been extinguished. In addition, this Statement will enhance the decision-usefulness of information in notes to financial statements regarding debt that has been defeased in substance.

GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases," effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 (the City's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2020). The objective of this Statement is to establish a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use underlying asset.

Note 21 - Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated subsequent events through June 21, 2018 the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED

SUPPLEMENTARY

INFORMATION

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION PLAN YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31 LAST TEN YEARS*

		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability:						
Service Cost	\$	211,248	\$	174,959	\$	166,628
Interest		599,881		567,156		536,217
Differences between expected and actual experience		(126,548)				
Changes of assumptions		140,026				
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(392,587)		(318,517)		(278,795)
Net Changes in Total Pension Liability		432,020		423,598		424,050
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	7	7,969,979	/ <u>*</u>	7,546,381	3 	7,122,331
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	8,401,999	#_\$	7,969,979	\$	7,546,381
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:		107 275	ċ	112.000	ċ	200 620
Contributions - employer		107,375	\$	112,960	\$	208,639
Contributions - member Net investment income		46,451		46,071		47,395 (82,164)
		1,030,565		549,503 (218 517)		(82,164)
Benefit payments, including refunds of members contributions Administrative expense		(392,587) (8,550)		(318,517) (4,420)		(278,795) (8,280)
Administrative expense		(6,550)		(4,420)	-	(8,280)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		783,254		385,597		(113,205)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		8,101,567		7,715,970	ī <u> </u>	7,829,175
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	8,884,821	\$	8,101,567	\$	7,715,970
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a-b)	\$	(482,822)	\$	(131,588)	\$	(169,589)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage						
of the Total Pension Liability	-	105.75%	-	101.65%		102.25%
Covered Employee Payroll		1,022,221		892,151	-	1,026,975
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage						
of Covered Employee Payroll		(47.23%)		(14.75%)		(16.51%)

^{*}Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the required information for the plan is presented for as many years as are available.

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS NON-UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31 LAST TEN YEARS*

	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability:		ć 07.024	ć 02.724
Service Cost	\$ 104,819	\$ 87,921	\$ 83,734
Interest	321,748	305,805	292,340
Differences between expected and actual experience	(193,742)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	177,203	- (476.245)	(225, 220)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(186,811)	(176,215)	(225,239)
Net Changes in Total Pension Liability	223,217	217,511	150,835
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	4,295,104	4,077,593	3,926,758
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 4,518,321	\$ 4,295,104	\$ 4,077,593
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:			
Contributions - employer	— \$ 49,571	\$ 46,476	\$ 131,202
Contributions - member	42,614	39,828	35,684
Net investment income	548,950	284,128	(21,636)
Benefit payments, including refunds of members contributions	(186,811)	(176,215)	(225,239)
Administrative expense	(8,900)	(2,650)	(8,770)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	445,424	191,567	(88,759)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	4,276,149	4,084,582	4,173,341
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 4,721,573	\$ 4,276,149	\$ 4,084,582
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a-b)	\$ (203,252)	\$ 18,955	\$ (6,989)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	104.50%	99.56%	100.17%
Covered Employee Payroll	1,547,061	1,502,150	1,386,748
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	(13.14%)	1.26%	(0.50%)

^{*}Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the required information for the plan is presented for as many years as are available.

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31 LAST TEN YEARS*

	2017	2016	2015
POLICE PENSION PLAN:		=	
Schedule of City's Contributions			
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ 102,060 107,375 \$ (5,315)	\$ 112,960 112,960 \$ -	\$ 208,639 208,639 \$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,022,221	\$ 892,151	\$ 1,026,975
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	10.50%	12.66%	20.32%
Investment Returns			
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	14.00%	7.81%	-0.59%
NON-UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES' PLAN:			
Schedule of City's Contributions			
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ 47,117 49,571 \$ (2,454)	\$ 46,476 46,476 \$ -	\$ 131,202 131,202 \$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,547,061	\$ 1,502,150	\$ 1,386,748
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	3.20%	3.09%	9.46%
Investment Returns			
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	14.19%	7.70%	0.01%

^{*}Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the required information for the plan is presented for as many years as are available.

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES PENSION TRUST FUNDS ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Police Plan	Non-Uniformed Plan
Actuarial valuation date	1/1/2017	1/1/2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Dollar Closed	Level Dollar Closed
Asset valuation method	Market Value of assets as determined by the trustee	Market Value of assets as determined by the trustee
Remaining amortization period	N/A Years	N/A Years
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Inflation rate	7.50% 5.00% 3.00%	7.50% 5.00% 3.00%
Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	Age 63 and completion of 20 years
Mortality table	RP2000 Table	RP2000 Table
	This table does not include projected mortality improvements.	This table does not include projected mortality improvements.

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS NON-UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuari Value d Asset: (a)	of	Lial	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL) Entry Age (b)	1070	Infunded AL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a) / (b)	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
01/01/09	\$	-	\$	224,586	\$	224,586	0.00%	\$ 1,647,880	13.63%
01/01/12	\$	-	\$	320,529	\$	320,529	0.00%	\$ 1,479,382	21.67%
01/01/15	\$	u u	\$	215,694	\$	215,694	0.00%	\$ 1,409,933	15.30%

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN NON-UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Actuarial valuation date	1/1/2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	30 years
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Inflation rate	4.50% 5.00% 5.50%
Cost-of-Living adjustments	n/a

n/a = not applicable

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts				riance with nal Budget
		Original		Final		Actual		ive (Negative)
Revenues:				0 2002 10 02	40		a.	
Taxes	\$	4,726,497	\$	4,726,497	\$	4,728,192	\$	1,695
Intergovernmental		415,665		415,665		460,209		44,544
Charges for Services		262,520		262,520		347,782		85,262
Licenses and Permits		32,950		32,950		31,955		(995)
Fines and Forfeitures		67,500		67,500		82,372		14,872
Interest and Rentals		77,784		77,784		97,386		19,602
Miscellaneous		232,699		232,699		232,702	1	3
Total Revenues	\$	5,815,615	\$	5,815,615	\$	5,980,598	\$	164,983
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government	\$	1,290,578	\$	1,290,578	\$	1,154,735	\$	135,843
Public Safety		1,979,607		1,979,607		1,867,641		111,966
Public Works		2,285,496		2,285,496		1,941,644		343,852
Human Services		7,000		7,000		4,960		2,040
Community and Economic Development Culture and Recreation		132,492		132,492		37,395		95,097
Debt Service: Principal Interest								
Capital Outlays						54,306		(54,306)
Promise Company (Company Company Compa		140.010		140.010		127,858		20,160
Other	<u> </u>	148,018	<u>.</u>	148,018	<u>.</u>		- <u>ċ</u>	
Total Expenditures	\$	5,843,191	\$	5,843,191	\$	5,188,539	\$	654,652
Excess (Deficiency) of			_3					
Revenues over Expenditures	\$	(27,576)	\$	(27,576)	\$	792,059	\$	819,635
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Capital Asset Sales					\$	1,435	\$	1,435
Transfers In	\$	742,849	\$	742,849		612,061		(130,788)
Transfers Out		(715,273)		(715,273)		(1,950,249)		(1,234,976)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	27,576	\$	27,576	\$	(1,336,753)	\$	(1,364,329)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over								
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-	\$	1	\$	(544,694)	\$	(544,694)
Experiences and other oses	7		Υ		Ÿ	(311,031)	Ψ	(311,031)
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,973,686		2,973,686		2,973,686		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	2,973,686	\$	2,973,686	\$	2,428,992	\$	(544,694)

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts				ance with al Budget
		Original		Final		Actual	Positiv	e (Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	412,795	\$	412,795	\$	413,811	\$	1,016
Intergovernmental								
Charges for Services								
Licenses and Permits								
Fines and Forfeitures								
Interest and Rentals		1,250		1,250		3,344		2,094
Miscellaneous								
Total Revenues	\$	414,045	\$	414,045	\$	417,155	\$	3,110
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government								
Public Safety								
Public Works								
Human Services								
Community and Economic Development								
Culture and Recreation								
Debt Service:								
Principal	\$	518,035	\$	518,035	\$	518,034	\$	1
Interest		143,682		143,682		144,768		(1,086)
Capital Outlays								
Other	W==	800	***********	800	44.000.000.000	854		(54)
Total Expenditures	\$	662,517	\$	662,517	\$	663,656	\$	(1,139)
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues over Expenditures	\$	(248,472)	\$	(248,472)	\$	(246,501)	\$	1,971
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Capital Asset Sales								
Transfers In	\$	251,613	\$	251,613	\$	230,662	\$	(20,951)
Transfers Out		(219,509)		(219,509)		(219,530)		(21)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	32,104	\$	32,104	\$	11,132	\$	(20,972)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over								
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	(216,368)	\$	(216,368)	\$	(235,369)	\$	(19,001)
								, , , , ,
Fund Balance - Beginning	\$	596,738	\$	596,738	\$	596,738	\$	-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	380,370	\$	380,370	\$	361,369	\$	(19,001)

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES December 31, 2017

Note 1 - Budgetary Information

The City has adopted the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- The operating budget shall be prepared and submitted to Council by the Manager in such form as Council shall require. The operating budget shall include, in addition to the major classifications and appropriations by which expenditures are to be allocated and controlled, a detailed analysis of the various items of revenues and expenditures. The budgets for all major funds that receive tax allocations are reported on the budgetary comparison schedule.
- 2) The operating budget shall show individually for each fund and in total, netting out interfund transfers, the anticipated revenues and expenditures of the City government. In addition to anticipated revenues and expenditures, the budget document shall include for each item the actual revenues and expenditures of at least the last completed year. The budget document shall also show the estimated balance of each fund at the close of the fiscal year currently ending and any surplus to be included in financing the proposed budget.
- 3) The Manager shall include with the proposed budget a statement explaining the budget both in fiscal terms and in terms of work to be done, outlining the proposed fiscal policies for the fiscal year, any changes in policies and programs, and reasons for changes which affect the level of revenues and expenditures.
- 4) The budget adopted by Council shall be balanced so that appropriations shall not exceed the estimated revenues and available surplus. In making revenue estimates, the Manager shall show the amount anticipated from existing taxes and service charges at existing rates and separately any increase or decrease which will result from any proposed changes in rates.
- 5) At least sixty days before the end of the fiscal year, the Manager shall prepare and submit to Council a proposed operating budget for the next fiscal year.
- 6) At lease thirty days prior to the end of the fiscal year, Council shall complete its review of the proposed budget, make such adjustments as it deems necessary, and adopt a preliminary budget.
- 7) No later than ten days following the adoption of the preliminary budget by Council, the Manager shall cause to be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the City a summary of the budget and a notice of the date, time, and place at which Council shall hold a public hearing on the proposed budget. The hearing shall be held at least seven days after advertisement and at least ten days prior to the end of the fiscal year. The preliminary budget shall be available for public inspection at the municipal building and copies shall be available to the public at a reasonable fee set by Council.

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES December 31, 2017

Note 1 - Budgetary Information (Continued)

- 8) After advertisement and public hearing, Council shall, before the beginning of the new fiscal year, adopt a final budget by a majority vote of all Council Members. If Council for any reason shall fail to adopt a budget before the start of the new fiscal year, the appropriations of the preceding year, prorated on a month-to-month basis, shall be considered to be adopted temporarily pending adoption of a final budget.
- 9) At the time of adopting the annual budget, Council shall simultaneously by ordinance levy sufficient taxes from authorized sources which, with other revenues and available receipts and balances, will provide for a balanced budget.
- 10) In any year following a municipal election Council may, within forty-five days after the start of the fiscal year, revise the budget and tax levies adopted by the previous Council. The procedures for adopting a revised budget shall be in accordance with the above, except that the final budget shall be adopted no later than February 15. A revised budget shall be effective as of the start of the fiscal year and shall rescind and replace the budget previously adopted by Council.
- 11) No contract or expenditure shall be made by the City which would exceed the appropriation provided in the budget. Council may at any time amend the operating budget; but changes in appropriations, either increases or decreases, shall be made only pursuant to action of Council authorizing such changes. Supplemental appropriations may be made by Council in the event that revenues are found and certified by the Manager to exceed estimates in the budget. If the Manager certifies that revenues will fall short of estimates in the budget, the Manager shall recommend reductions and appropriations to offset the deficiency in revenues; and Council shall make necessary adjustments in appropriations to maintain a balanced budget. All appropriations shall lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- 12) In the event of a genuine emergency unanticipated at the time the budget was adopted, Council may make appropriations to meet the emergency. In the event that there are no available unappropriated revenues to meet the emergency, Council may authorize the issuance of unfunded debt in accordance with the Local Government Unit Debt Act. Operating expenses shall neither be appropriated nor paid out of loan funds, except to meet genuine emergencies.

Note 2 - Negative Change in Fund Balance

1) In the current year, the General Fund experienced a negative change in fund balance of \$544,694. During the October 16, 2017 council meeting, City council voted to transfer \$1,255,926 of the 2016 unrestricted fund balance to the Capital Reserve Fund for future capital projects and assigned \$320,586 for future OPEB and compensated absences benefits.

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES December 31, 2017

Note 2 - Negative Change in Fund Balance (Continued)

- 2) In the current year, the Debt Fund experienced a negative change in fund balance of \$235,369. The savings proceeds from the refunding of the 2011 bond issue of \$219,509 was transferred during 2017 to the General fund resulting in a negative change in fund balance.
- 3) In the current year, the 2016 Capital Projects Fund experienced a negative change in fund balance of \$241,655. This fund was created to manage the "extra bond monies" when the 2011 bond issue was refunded. The fund balance will always have a negative change from year to year until the funds are completely depleted.
- 4) In the current year, the Fire Hydrant Fund experienced a negative change in fund balance of \$966. Total tax revenue and interest collected was \$65,260 and the cost of 325 fire hydrants was \$66,226. Cash on hand was used to cover this deficit.
- 5) In the current year, the Library and Ambulance Funds experienced a negative change in fund balance. The tax revenue collected is transferred to the St. Marys Public Library and the St. Marys Ambulance Association. The City transferred more money than they received in 2017. For the Library Fund it was \$1,311 and for the Ambulance Fund it was \$1,009. 2016 fund balance was used to cover the negative change in fund balance.

CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2017

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									Special Revenue Funds	enne	Funds							
															Community	unity		
		Street		Fire						ш	Fire	Liquid		Shade	Development	ment		
	_	Lighting	P	Protection	Recreation	tion	Library		Ambulance	H	Hydrant	Fuels Tax		Tree	Block Grant	irant		
	_	Tax Fund		Fund	Fund	7	Fund		Fund	Ē	Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund	g	Totals	als
Cash and Cash Investments Taxes Receivable, Net	⋄	193,159 2,864	\$	196,521 \$ 4,926	16	3,222	\$ 62	62 \$	50 358	\$	17,800 \$ 1,074	91,896	٠.	9,190	\$	9,864 \$	9	686,609
Accounts Receivable Due from other Governments Allowance for Uncollectible Due From Other Governments																475		475
Interfund Receivables Prepaid Items				14,272		1,648												15,920
Total Assets	↔	196,023	\$	215,719 \$		172,937	\$ 2,138	\$ \$	408	₩.	18,874 \$	91,896	\$	9,190	\$	10,339 \$	7	717,524
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																		
Lidbilities. Accounts Payable & Payroll Taxes Accrued Liabilities	↔	21,643	\$	\$ 662'01		2,284 1,314										⋄		34,726
Interfund Payables Unearned Revenue Unavailable Revenue					ñ	30,003										562 97	8355	562 30,100 -
Total Liabilities	₩	21,643	\$	\$ 662,01		33,601		,	1		ï		,	ï	₩.	\$ 659		66,702
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:			\$	14,272 \$		1,648					€.	91.896	9			⋄	202 5.3	15,920
Committed	↔	174,380		190,648	13	137,688	\$ 2,138	\$ 88	408	\$	18,874		↔	9,190			15	533,326
Assigned: Unassigned:											- 1		- 1		s	- 1		089'6
Total Fund Balances	s	174,380	15						- 1	\$		91,896			1		9	650,822
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	ş	196,023	ş	215,719 \$		172,937	\$ 2,138	38 \$	408	\$	18,874 \$	91,896	ۍ 9	9,190	\$	10,339 \$	7	717,524

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 CITY OF SAINT MARYS, PENNSYLVANIA

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								Special	Special Revenue Funds	Funds						
		+002+0	ü	9						ē.	Zinoi I	Shade		Community		
		Street Lighting Tav Eund	Protection Fund	otection Find	Reci	Recreation	Library	Ambulance		Hydrant	Fuels Tax	Tree		Block Grant	Totals	
Revenues:			-	2		3	5	5		5	3			3		
Taxes Intergovernmental	Ş	173,507	\$ 3	302,457	\$	195,211 \$ 2,426	125,793	\$ 21,6	21,688 \$	65,064	479,903		v.	498,946	\$ 883,720	720
Charges for Services						70,834									70,834	334
Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures																ı r
Interest and Rentals		1,099		645		398	12		9	196	2,274		14		4,6	4,644
Miscellaneous						129,614							514	6,680	139,808	<u></u>
Total Revenues	\$	174,606	\$ 3(303,102	\$	398,483 \$	125,805	\$ 21,694	\$ \$69	\$ 092,260	482,177	\$	528 \$	508,626	\$ 2,080,281	181
Expenditures:																
Current:																, ,
General Government Public Safetv		0,	\$	182.857				\$ 22.7	22,700 \$	66,218				0,	\$ 271,775	. 775
Public Works	\$	165,988														888
Human Services													•		,	. ,
Community and Economic Development							1						\$	23,550	23,550	200
Culture and Recreation					S	392,025 \$	127,100					ሉ ባ	5,014		524,139	33
Principal																
Interest																T
Capital Outlays		ć		00		Ļ	7		n	o				475,396	475,396	,396
Other	0	73		36		5	QT			×					3	
Total Expenditures	S	166,011	\$ 1	182,893	\$	392,050 \$	127,116	\$ 22,703	703 \$	66,226	1	\$	5,014 \$	498,946 \$	1,460,959	929
Excess (Deficiency) of	v	0 101	·	120.200	v	£ 433 ¢	(1 211)	ν.	(1,009)	\$ (996)	182 177	V	(4.486)	\$ 680	619 322	222
heverides over Experiordes	2			50,203	2	1	(110(1)									
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			,											,		Ç
Capital Asset Sales			S	4,000								7	7 500	<i>J</i> F	5 4,0 7.5	4,000
I ransfers in Transfers Out			_	(12,355)						₩.	(392,552)		3		(404,907)	907)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			\$	(8,355)		1			1	\$ -	(392,552)	\$ 7	7,500	'	\$ (393,407)	107)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over																
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	8,595	\$ 1	111,854	\$	6,433 \$	(1,311) \$		(1,009) \$	\$ (996)	89,625	\$	3,014 \$	6,680	\$ 225,915	915
Fund Balance - Beginning	s	165,785 \$	\$	93,066	s	132,903 \$	3,449	\$ 1,	1,417 \$	19,840 \$	2,271	\$	6,176	,	\$ 424,907	307
Fund Balance - Ending	Ϋ́	174,380	\$ 2	204,920	\$	139,336 \$	2,138	\$	408 \$	18,874 \$	91,896	\$	9,190 \$	9,680	\$ 650,822	322



GECI AND ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Certified Public Accountant and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Saint Marys, Pennsylvania's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Saint Marys, Pennsylvania

in and Ossociates, P.C.

June 21, 2018